City of Townsville

2021 Census Results Division 2

Comparison year: 2016 Benchmark area: City of Townsville



community profile





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Division 2 Population highlights

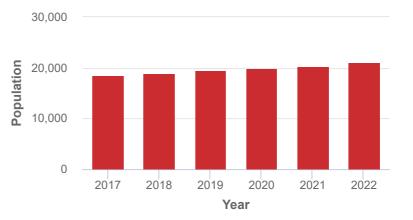
Population

21,180

ERP, 2022

 \blacktriangle Grown by 758 from the previous year.





Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

2021 data with change from 2016 unless otherwise stated.

- ◆ No significant change since previous Census (less than +/-0.5%) ▲ Increased since previous Census
- Decreased since previous Census

Median age		Aboriginal and Torres Strait Isla population	nder
31 (2)		6.0% (0.2%)	
City of Townsville Regional QLD Queensland	36 ▲ 41 ▲ 38 ▲	City of Townsville Regional QLD Queensland	8.4% ▲ 6.1% ▲ 4.6% ▲
Couples with children		Older couples without children	
41% (3%)		6% (0.9%)	
City of Townsville Regional QLD Queensland	26% ▼ 25% ▼ 28% ▼	City of Townsville Regional QLD Queensland	9% ▲ 12% ▲ 10% ▲

Lone person households

13% (1%)

City of Townsville	24% 🔺
Regional QLD	23% 🔺
Queensland	23% 🔺

Median weekly household income

Medium and high density Housing

3% •(-0.6%)

City of Townsville	20% 🔸
Regional QLD	24% 🔺
Queensland	26% 🔺

Median weekly mortgage repayment

\$2,269 (\$555)

City of Townsville	\$1,638 🔺
Regional QLD	\$1,494 🔺
Queensland	\$1,637 🔺

\$399 **•** (\$-48)

City of Townsville	\$350 🔻
Regional QLD	\$380 🔻
Queensland	\$399 🔸

Median weekly rent

\$365 (\$32)

City of Townsville	\$310 🔺
Regional QLD	\$345 🔺
Queensland	\$365 🔺

Households with a mortgage

46% (3.1%)

City of Townsville	33%
Regional QLD	30%
Queensland	32%

Households renting

34% (-1.3%)

City of Townsville	35% 🔻
Regional QLD	30% 🔻
Queensland	32% 🔸

Overseas born

11% (1%)

City of Townsville	14% 🔸
Regional QLD	18% 🔺
Queensland	23% 🔺

▲ ▲

Language at home other than English

4% (0.9%)

City of Townsville	8% 🔺
Regional QLD	9% 🔺
Queensland	13% 🔺

University attendance

4% (0.6%)

City of Townsville	5% 🔻
Regional QLD	3% 🔸
Queensland	4% 🔸

University qualification

17% (4.8%)

City of Townsville	18% 🔺
Regional QLD	17% 🔺
Queensland	22% 🔺

Trade qualification (certificate)

30% (-0.1%)

City of Townsville	24% 🔺
Regional QLD	24% 🔺
Queensland	22% 🔺

Unemployment rate

3.6% (-4.7%)

City of Townsville	5.1% 🔻
Regional QLD	5.2% 🔻
Queensland	5.4% 🔻

Worked at home

5% (2.4%)

City of Townsville	5% 🔺
Regional QLD	11% 🔺
Queensland	14% 🔺

Participation rate (population in labour force)

74% (2.3%)

City of Townsville	64% 🔸
Regional QLD	59% 🔸
Queensland	62% 🔺

SEIFA index of disadvantage 2016

1018

City of Townsville	989 🔺
Regional QLD	981 🔺
Queensland	996 🔺

Division 2 Service age groups

The Age Structure of Division 2 provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is an indicator of Division 2's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Service age groups divide the population into age categories that reflect typical life-stages. They indicate the level of demand for services that target people at different stages in life and how that demand is changing.

To get a more complete picture Division 2's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

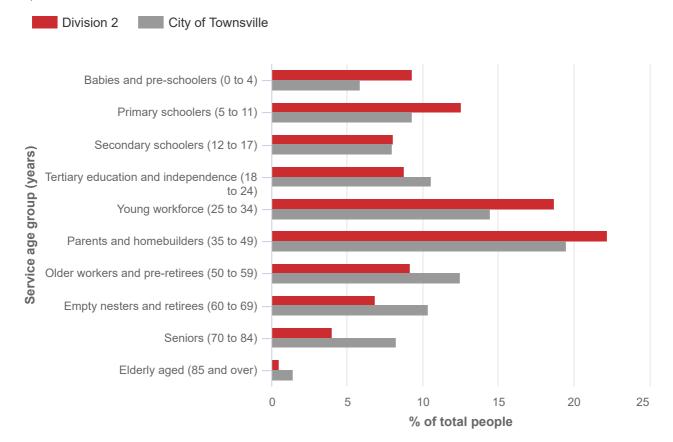
Age structure - Service age groups

Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Service age group (years)	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Babies and pre-schoolers (0 to 4)	1,865	9.3	5.8	1,812	10.5	6.8	+52
Primary schoolers (5 to 11)	2,513	12.5	9.3	2,046	11.9	9.6	+467
Secondary schoolers (12 to 17)	1,601	8.0	8.0	1,357	7.9	7.9	+243
Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24)	1,747	8.7	10.6	1,757	10.2	11.5	-10
Young workforce (25 to 34)	3,744	18.7	14.5	3,362	19.5	14.8	+382
Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49)	4,452	22.2	19.5	3,528	20.5	20.1	+924
Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59)	1,837	9.2	12.5	1,654	9.6	12.3	+182
Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69)	1,372	6.8	10.3	1,121	6.5	9.4	+251
Seniors (70 to 84)	803	4.0	8.2	524	3.0	6.4	+278
Elderly aged (85 and over)	99	0.5	1.4	46	0.3	1.2	+52
Total	20,033	100.0	100.0	17,211	100.0	100.0	+2,821

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

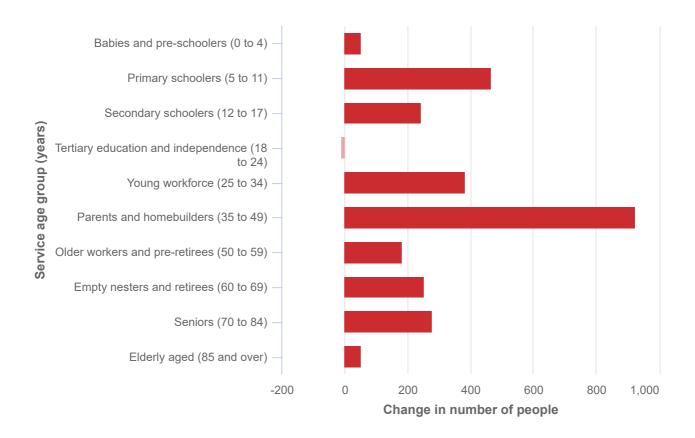
Age structure - service age groups, 2021

Total persons



Change in age structure - service age groups, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the service age groups of Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a higher proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a lower proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).

Overall, 29.8% of the population was aged between 0 and 17, and 11.4% were aged 60 years and over, compared with 23.1% and 19.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the age structure of Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of 'Young workforce' (18.7% compared to 14.5%)
- A *larger* percentage of 'Babies and pre-schoolers' (9.3% compared to 5.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Seniors' (4.0% compared to 8.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Empty nesters and retirees' (6.8% compared to 10.3%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, Division 2's population increased by 2,822 people (16.4%). This represents an average annual population change of 3.08% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the age structure in this area between 2016 and 2021 were in the age groups:

- Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49) (+924 people)
- Primary schoolers (5 to 11) (+467 people)
- Young workforce (25 to 34) (+382 people)
- Seniors (70 to 84) (+278 people)

Division 2 Birthplace

Country of Birth data identifies where people were born and is indicative of the level of cultural diversity in Division 2. The mix of Country of Birth groups is also indicative of historical settlement patterns, as source countries for Australia's immigration program have varied significantly over time.

To get a more complete picture of cultural and ethnic characteristics, Division 2's Country of Birth data should be viewed together with Ancestry, Language Spoken at Home and Religion.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual birthplace groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Birthplace - Summary

Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Birthplace	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Total overseas born	2,179	10.9	14.0	1,702	9.9	13.7	+476
Australia	16,757	83.7	78.7	14,387	83.6	78.6	+2,370
Not stated	1,089	5.4	7.3	1,124	6.5	7.8	-35
Total Population	20,025	100.0	100.0	17,214	100.0	100.0	+2,810

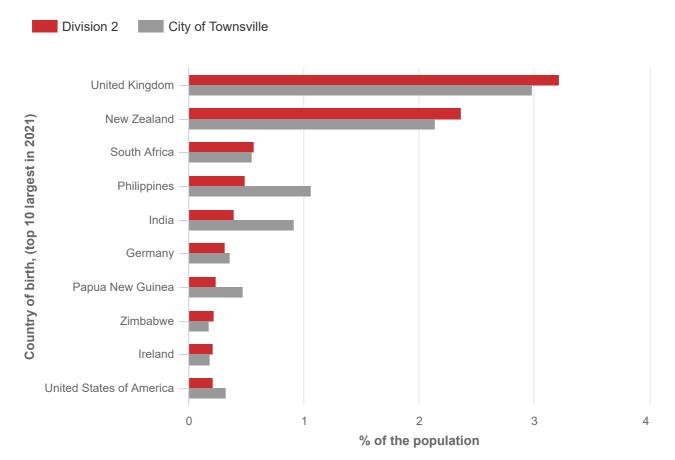
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Birthplace - Ranked by size

Division 2 - Overseas born (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Birthplace	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
United Kingdom	645	3.2	3.0	487	2.8	3.1	+157
New Zealand	474	2.4	2.1	426	2.5	2.3	+47
South Africa	114	0.6	0.5	78	0.5	0.5	+35
Philippines	97	0.5	1.1	87	0.5	0.9	+9
India	78	0.4	0.9	30	0.2	0.7	+47
Germany	62	0.3	0.4	53	0.3	0.4	+9
Papua New Guinea	47	0.2	0.5	55	0.3	0.5	-9
Zimbabwe	43	0.2	0.2	18	0.1	0.2	+24
Ireland	42	0.2	0.2	36	0.2	0.2	+6
United States of America	41	0.2	0.3	36	0.2	0.3	+4

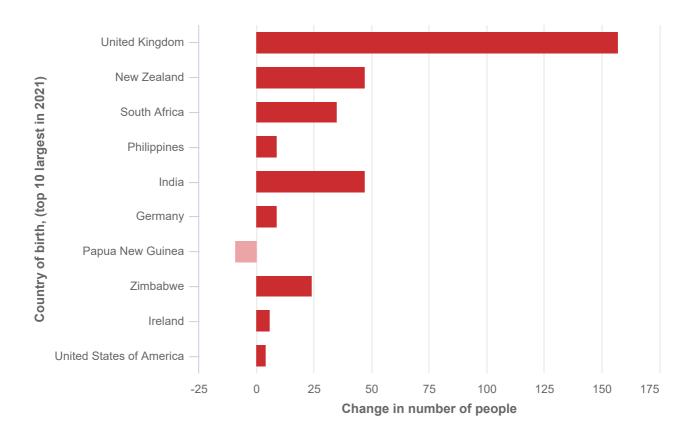
Excludes countries of birth with fewer than 10 people.

Birthplace, 2021



Change in birthplace, 2016 to 2021

Division 2



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the country of birth of the population in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a smaller proportion of people born overseas.

Overall, 10.9% of the population was born overseas, compared with 14.0% for City of Townsville.

There were no major differences between Division 2 and City of Townsville in 2021.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people born overseas increased by 477 or 28.0%.

The largest change in birthplace countries of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 was for those born in:

• United Kingdom (+157 persons)

Division 2 Language used at home

Division 2's language statistics show the proportion of the population who use a language at home other than English. They indicate how culturally diverse a population is and the degree to which different ethnic groups and nationalities are retaining their language.

Division 2's language statistics should be analysed in conjunction with **Country of Birth** and **Proficiency in English** to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups in the area and the services required by the multicultural community.

Please note: Due to ABS rules regarding perturbation of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual language groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Language used at home - Summary

Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Language summary	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	18,026	90.0	83.9	15,574	90.5	85.2	+2,452
Non-English total	868	4.3	7.9	587	3.4	7.1	+281
Not stated	1,137	5.7	8.2	1,049	6.1	7.7	+88
Total Population	20,031	100.0	100.0	17,210	100.0	100.0	+2,820

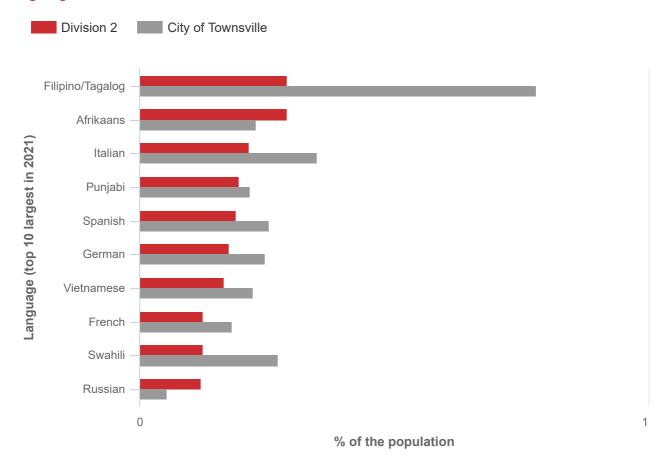
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Language used at home - Ranked by size

Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Language (excludes English)	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Filipino/Tagalog	58	0.3	0.8	52	0.3	0.7	+5
Afrikaans	58	0.3	0.2	39	0.2	0.2	+19
Italian	43	0.2	0.3	37	0.2	0.4	+5
Punjabi	39	0.2	0.2	8	0.0	0.1	+31
Spanish	38	0.2	0.3	17	0.1	0.2	+21
German	35	0.2	0.2	43	0.3	0.3	-9
Vietnamese	33	0.2	0.2	7	0.0	0.2	+25
French	25	0.1	0.2	17	0.1	0.2	+8
Swahili	25	0.1	0.3	2	0.0	0.1	+22
Russian	24	0.1	0.1	8	0.0	0.1	+16

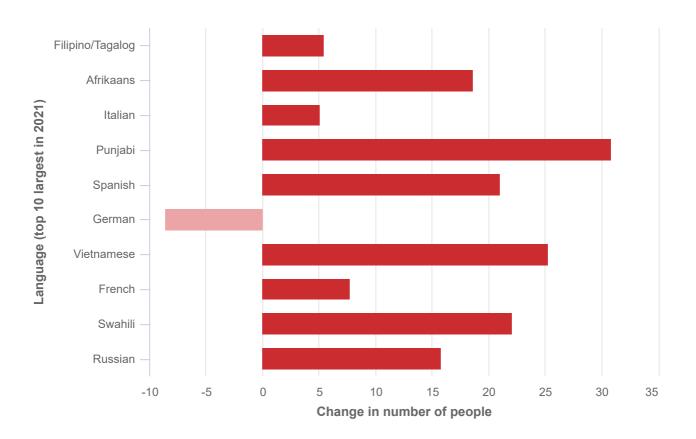
Excludes languages spoken at home by fewer than 10 people.

Language used at home, 2021



Change in language used at home, 2016 to 2021

Division 2



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the language used at home by the population of Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a larger proportion of people who used English only, and a smaller proportion of those using a non-English language (either exclusively, or in addition to English).

Overall, 90.0% of the population used English only, and 4.3% used a non-English language, compared with 83.9% and 7.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

The dominant language used at home, other than English, in Division 2 was Filipino/Tagalog, with 0.3% of the population, or 58 people using this language at home.

There were no major differences between Division 2 and City of Townsville in 2021.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people who used a language other than English at home increased by 281 or 47.9%, and the number of people who used English only increased by 2,452 or 15.7%.

There were no major differences in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021.

Division 2 Religion

Division 2's religion statistics provide an indicator of cultural identity and ethnicity when observed in conjunction with other key variables. Religion data reveal the major concentrations of religions as well as revealing the proportion of people with no religious affiliation. There are a number of reasons for different religious compositions across areas including the country of birth and ethnic background of the population, the age of the population (belief in religion is generally stronger, the older the population) and changes in values and belief systems.

Division 2's religion statistics should be analysed in conjunction with other ethnicity statistics such as **Country of Birth** data and **Language Spoken** data to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual religion groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Religion totals	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Christian total	8,856	44.2	47.4	10,003	58.1	58.4	-1,147
Non Christian total	295	1.5	2.7	220	1.3	2.4	+75
Non-classifiable religious belief	110	0.5	0.6	100	0.6	0.7	+10
No Religion/secular beliefs	9,416	47.0	40.2	5,464	31.7	28.7	+3,952
Not stated	1,352	6.8	9.0	1,428	8.3	9.8	-77
Total Population	20,029	100.0	100.0	17,216	100.0	100.0	+2,813

Religion - Summary

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Religion - Ranked by size

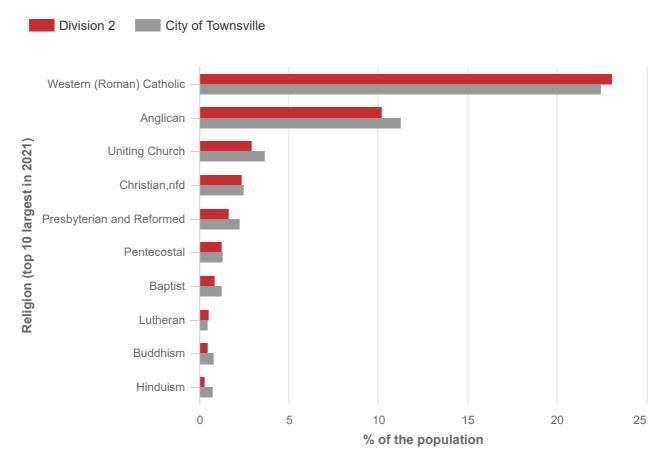
Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Religion	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Western (Roman) Catholic	4,620	23.1	22.5	4,949	28.8	26.4	-329
Anglican	2,044	10.2	11.3	2,671	15.5	15.2	-628
Uniting Church	582	2.9	3.6	744	4.3	5.1	-163
Christian,nfd	472	2.4	2.5	351	2.0	2.3	+120
Presbyterian and Reformed	321	1.6	2.2	401	2.3	3.1	-81
Pentecostal	252	1.3	1.3	219	1.3	1.6	+32
Baptist	167	0.8	1.3	204	1.2	1.3	-38
Lutheran	103	0.5	0.5	118	0.7	0.6	-16
Buddhism	85	0.4	0.8	96	0.6	0.8	-12
Hinduism	58	0.3	0.7	30	0.2	0.5	+27

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

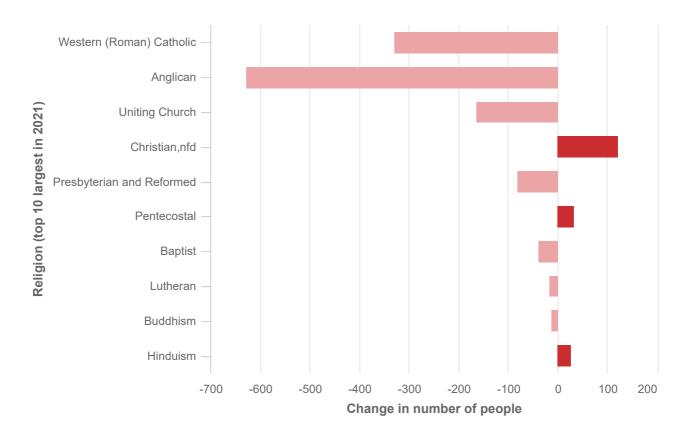
Excludes religions with fewer than 10 adherents.

Religion, 2021



Change in religion, 2016 to 2021

Division 2



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the religious affiliation of the population of Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people who professed a religion and a higher proportion who stated they had no religion.

Overall, 45.7% of the population nominated a religion, and 47.0% said they had no religion, compared with 50.1% and 40.2% respectively for City of Townsville.

The largest single religion in Division 2 was Western (Roman) Catholic, with 23.1% of the population or 4,620 people as adherents.

The major difference between the religious affiliation for the population of Division 2 and City of Townsville was:

• A smaller percentage who nominated Anglican (10.2% compared to 11.3%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the religious affiliation of the population in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021 were for those who nominated:

- Anglican (-628 persons)
- Western (Roman) Catholic (-329 persons)
- Uniting Church (-163 persons)
- Christian,nfd (+120 persons)

Division 2 Qualifications

Educational Qualifications relate to education outside of primary and secondary school and are one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as **Employment Status**, **Income** and **Occupation**, Division 2's Educational Qualifications help to evaluate the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the area and identify skill gaps in the labour market.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest qualification achieved

Division 2 - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Qualification level	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Bachelor or Higher degree	2,505	16.9	18.1	1,533	12.1	15.7	+972
Advanced Diploma or Diploma	1,366	9.2	8.2	1,068	8.5	7.8	+297
Vocational	4,434	30.0	23.9	3,799	30.1	23.3	+635
No qualification	5,357	36.2	39.8	5,106	40.4	42.0	+251
Not stated	1,124	7.6	9.9	1,133	9.0	11.1	-9
Total persons aged 15+	14,786	100.0	100.0	12,640	100.0	100.0	+2,146

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

- a People with university qualifications
- a People with trade qualifications (Certificate)
- e Workforce qualifications by industry
- e Workforce field of qualifications by industry
- e Local labour force qualifications by industry
- e Local labour force field of qualifications by industry

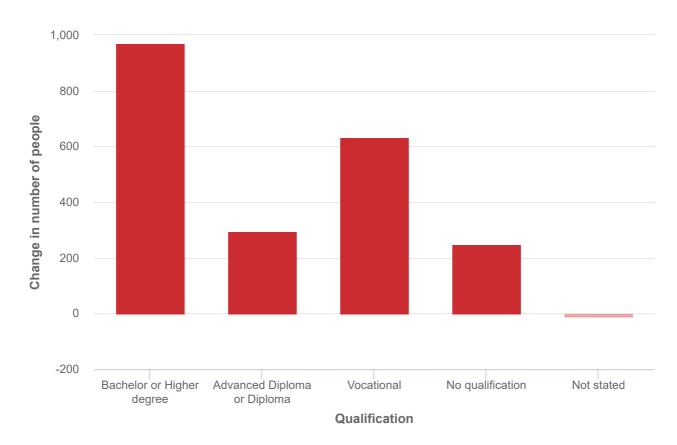
Division 2 City of Townsville

Highest qualification achieved, 2021

Qualification

Change in highest qualification achieved, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the qualifications of the population in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a higher proportion of people holding formal qualifications (Bachelor or higher degree; Advanced Diploma or Diploma; or Vocational qualifications), and a lower proportion of people with no formal qualifications.

Overall, 56.2% of the population aged 15 and over held educational qualifications, and 36.2% had no qualifications, compared with 50.3% and 39.8% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between qualifications held by the population of Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons with Vocational qualifications (30.0% compared to 23.9%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons with Advanced Diploma or Diplomas (9.2% compared to 8.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons with No qualifications (36.2% compared to 39.8%)
- A smaller percentage of persons with Bachelor or Higher degrees (16.9% compared to 18.1%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the qualifications of the population in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021 were in those with:

- Bachelor or Higher degrees (+972 persons)
- Vocational qualifications (+635 persons)
- Advanced Diploma or Diplomas (+297 persons)
- No qualifications (+251 persons)

Division 2 Highest level of schooling

Division 2's school completion data is a useful indicator of socio-economic status. With other indicators, such as **Proficiency in English**, the data informs planners and decision-makers about people's ability to access services. Combined with **Educational Qualifications** it also allows assessment of the skill base of the population.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest level of secondary schooling completed

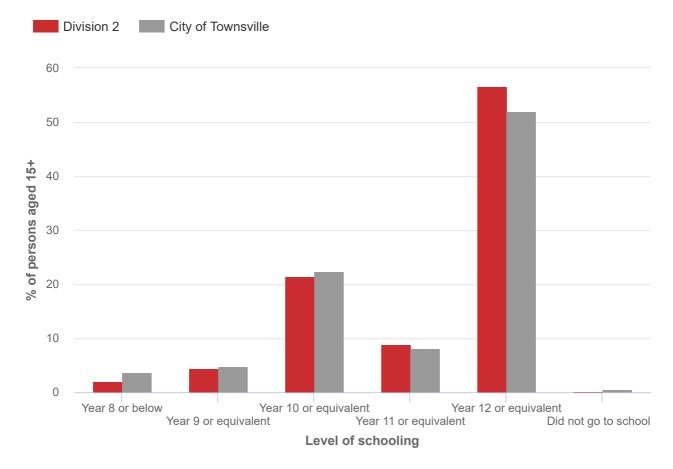
Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Level of schooling	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Year 8 or below	291	2.0	3.7	366	2.9	4.3	-76
Year 9 or equivalent	650	4.4	4.9	615	4.9	4.7	+35
Year 10 or equivalent	3,167	21.4	22.4	3,164	25.0	23.3	+3
Year 11 or equivalent	1,325	9.0	8.1	1,245	9.9	8.5	+80
Year 12 or equivalent	8,389	56.7	52.1	6,255	49.5	49.2	+2,134
Did not go to school	40	0.3	0.5	28	0.2	0.4	+11
Not stated	923	6.2	8.4	962	7.6	9.7	-40
Total persons aged 15+	14,785	100.0	100.0	12,638	100.0	100.0	+2,146

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

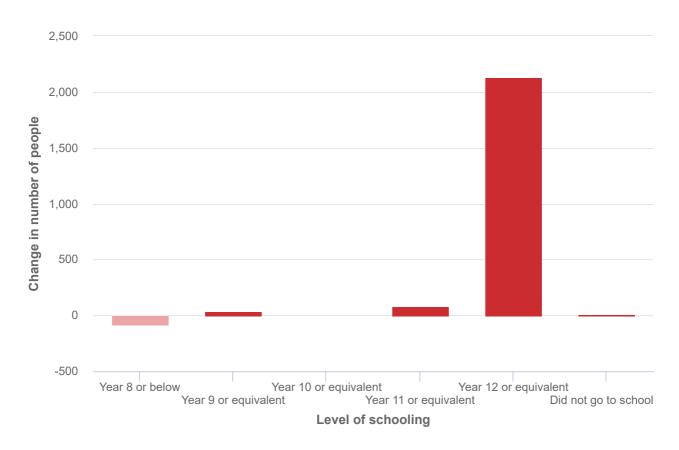
a People with below Year 11 schooling

Highest level of schooling completed, 2021



Change in highest level of schooling completed, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the highest level of schooling attained by the population in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people who had left school at an early level (Year 10 or less) and a higher proportion of people who completed Year 12 or equivalent.

Overall, 28.1% of the population left school at Year 10 or below, and 56.7% went on to complete Year 12 or equivalent, compared with 31.4% and 52.1% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the level of schooling attained by the population in Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who completed year 12 or equivalent (56.7% compared to 52.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 8 or below (2.0% compared to 3.7%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the level of schooling attained by the population in Division 2, between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Year 12 or equivalent (+2,134 persons)
- Year 11 or equivalent (+80 persons)
- Year 8 or below (-76 persons)

Division 2 Education institution attending

The share of Division 2's population attending educational institutions reflects the age structure of the population, as it is influenced by the number of children attending school; proximity to tertiary education, which can mean young adults leaving home to be nearer to educational facilities and; the degree to which people are seeking out educational opportunities in adulthood, especially in their late teens and early twenties.

This data is often combined with Age Structure to identify areas with significant university student populations.

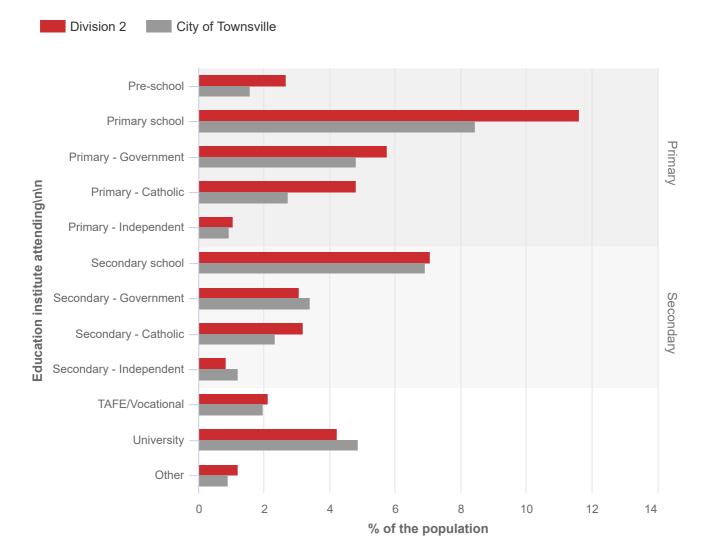
Learn more about planning education provision here.

Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Type of institution	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Pre-school	533	2.7	1.6	299	1.7	1.2	+234
Primary school	2,327	11.6	8.4	1,915	11.1	8.8	+412
Primary - Government	1,153	5.7	4.8	931	5.4	5.3	+222
Primary - Catholic	963	4.8	2.7	855	5.0	2.5	+108
Primary - Independent	211	1.1	0.9	128	0.7	1.0	+82
Secondary school	1,415	7.1	6.9	1,144	6.6	6.6	+271
Secondary - Government	613	3.1	3.4	586	3.4	3.4	+27
Secondary - Catholic	637	3.2	2.3	449	2.6	2.0	+188
Secondary - Independent	165	0.8	1.2	109	0.6	1.1	+56
TAFE/Vocational	425	2.1	1.9	313	1.8	1.7	+112
University	847	4.2	4.9	616	3.6	5.6	+231
Other	238	1.2	0.9	126	0.7	0.7	+111
Not attending	13,155	65.6	67.4	11,685	67.9	67.2	+1,470
Not stated	1,113	5.6	8.0	1,110	6.5	8.3	+2
Total	20,053	100.0	100.0	17,210	100.0	100.0	+2,842

Education institution attending

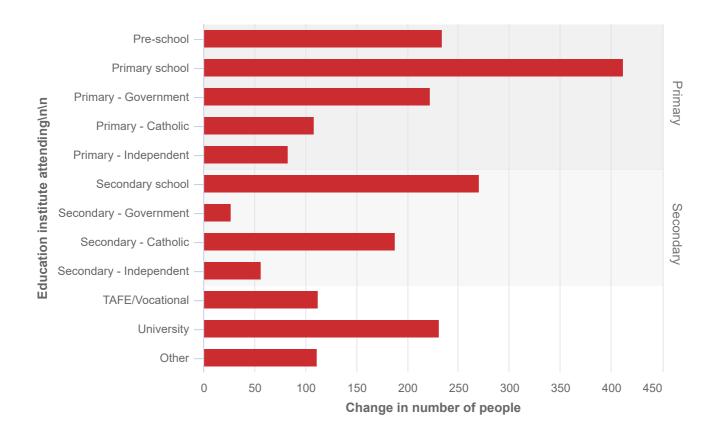
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Education institution attending, 2021



Change in education institution attending, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the share of the population attending educational institutions in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a higher proportion attending primary school, a similar proportion attending secondary school, and a similar proportion engaged in tertiary level education.

Overall, 11.6% of the population were attending primary school, 7.1% of the population were attending secondary institutions, and 6.3% were learning at a tertiary level, compared with 8.4%, 6.9% and 6.8% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the share of the population attending learning institutions in Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons attending a primary school (any type) (11.6% compared to 8.4%)
- A larger percentage of persons attending a Catholic primary school (4.8% compared to 2.7%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons attending pre-school (2.7% compared to 1.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons not attending (65.6% compared to 67.4%)

From 2016 to 2021, Division 2's population increased by 2,846 people (+16.5%). This represents an average annual change of 3.11% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the number of persons attending education institutions in Division 2, between 2016 and 2021 were in those who nominated:

- Primary school (+412 persons)
- Secondary school (+271 persons)
- Pre-school (+234 persons)
- University (+231 persons)

Division 2 Need for assistance

Division 2's disability statistics relate directly to need for assistance due to a severe or profound disability. The information may be used in the planning of local facilities, services such as day-care and occasional care and in the provision of information and support to carers. Division 2's disability statistics help in understanding the prevalence of people who need support in the community, and along with information on **Unpaid Care** to a person with a disability, how that support is provided.

Please note: A person's reported need for assistance is based on a subjective assessment and should therefore be treated with caution. See the specific data notes for further detail.

Need for assistance with core activities by age

Division 2 - Persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	% of total age group	City of Townsville %	Number	% of total age group	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	32	1.7	1.9	24	1.4	1.4	+7
5 to 9	95	5.1	5.2	56	3.7	3.5	+39
10 to 19	121	4.5	4.4	98	4.3	3.3	+22
20 to 59	274	2.4	3.3	227	2.3	2.9	+47
60 to 64	52	6.8	6.9	52	8.4	7.1	-1
65 to 69	65	10.8	9.4	51	10.4	9.1	+13
70 to 74	64	14.7	12.8	37	12.7	12.8	+27
75 to 79	54	22.0	19.8	26	17.4	17.8	+28
80 to 84	59	46.8	30.9	26	32.7	30.7	+33
85 and over	68	75.6	51.5	28	61.8	50.3	+39
Total persons needing assistance	879	4.4	5.9	626	3.6	4.9	+253

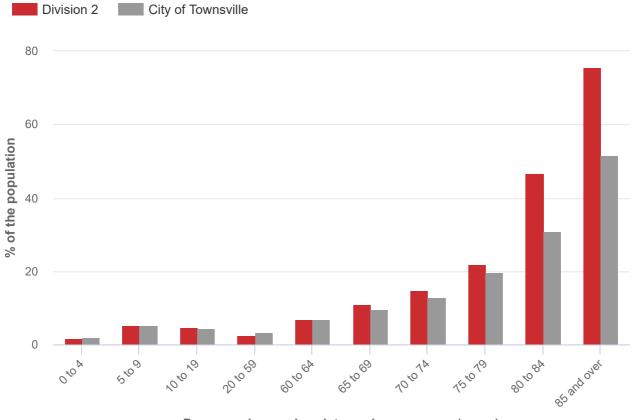
Need for assistance with core activities summary

Division 2 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Total persons needing assistance	879	4.4	5.9	626	3.6	4.9	+253
Total persons not needing assistance	17,949	89.6	85.8	15,430	89.6	86.8	+2,518
Not stated	1,206	6.0	8.3	1,159	6.7	8.3	+46
Total Population	20,034	100.0	100.0	17,216	100.0	100.0	+2,817

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

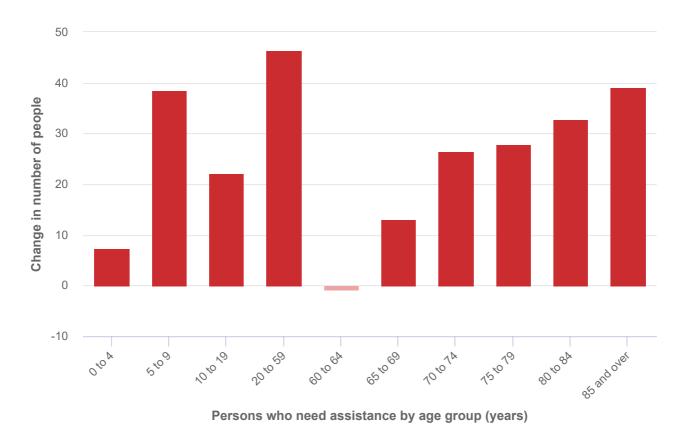
Need for assistance with core activities, 2021



Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Change in need for assistance with core activities, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the need for assistance of people in Division 2 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people who reported needing assistance with core activities.

Overall, 4.4% of the population reported needing assistance with core activities, compared with 5.9% for City of Townsville.

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance in Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 85 and over (75.6% compared to 51.5%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 80 to 84 (46.8% compared to 30.9%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (22.0% compared to 19.8%)
- A larger percentage of persons aged 70 to 74 (14.7% compared to 12.8%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021.

Division 2

The 2021 Census looked for the first time at the level of incidence of selected long-term health conditions in the community. The Census question asked respondents if they have been diagnosed with a specific condition (or other condition) from a list of ten conditions plus "other". Combined, these ten conditions comprise approximately 60% of Australia's deaths, and even those which are not deadly contribute substantially to the burden of disease.

It is well known that socio-economic factors also contribute to morbidity and health outcomes, with lower-socio economic characteristics correlated with higher incidence of some health conditions. The inclusion of this topic in the Census enables these factors to be explored in more detail.

Also, in society, health conditions tend to increase with age. For these reasons, it is recommended that long-term health conditions data for be viewed at in conjunction with age structure, household income, educational qualifications, and need for assistance datasets, along with the SEIFA index of disadvantage.

Division 2 - Persons (Usual residence)	2021		
Long-term health conditions	Number	%	City of Townsville %
Arthritis	1,265	6.3	8.7
Asthma	1,698	8.5	8.1
Cancer (including remission)	392	2.0	3.0
Dementia (including Alzheimer's)	93	0.5	0.7
Diabetes	606	3.0	4.6
Heart disease	494	2.5	4.0
Kidney disease	124	0.6	1.0
Lung condition	260	1.3	2.0
Mental health condition	1,975	9.9	10.3
Stroke	116	0.6	0.9
Other long-term health condition	1,529	7.6	8.3

Long term health conditions

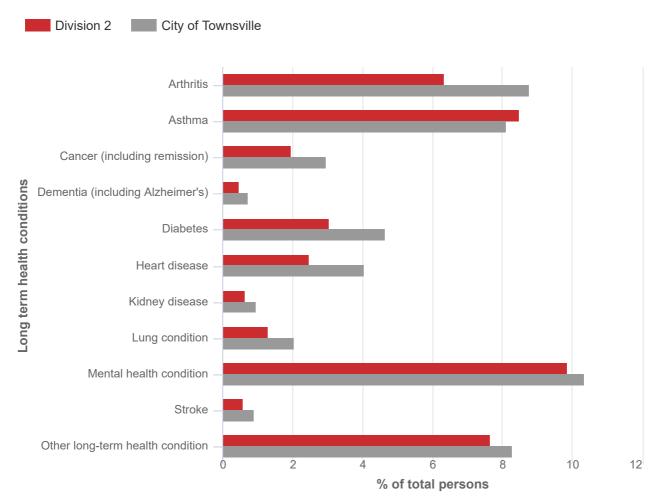
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Long term health conditions - Summary

Division 2 - Persons (Usual residence)		2021	
Long-term health conditions - Summary	Number	%	City of Townsville %
Population with at least one long-term health condition	5,763	28.8	32.6
No long-term health conditions	12,534	62.6	56.5
Not stated	1,725	8.6	10.8
Total persons	20,022	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Long term health conditions, all persons, 2021



Dominant groups

Analysis of the long term health conditions of Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people with a long-term health condition 28.8% compared to 32.6% in City of Townsville.

The major differences in the long-term health conditions between Division 2 and City of Townsville are:

- A *smaller* percentage with arthritis (6.3% compared to 8.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage with diabetes (3.0% compared to 4.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage with heart disease (2.5% compared to 4.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage with cancer (including remission) (2.0% compared to 3.0%)

Division 2 Employment status

Division 2's employment statistics are an important indicator of socio-economic status. The levels of full or parttime employment, unemployment and labour force participation indicate the strength of the local economy and social characteristics of the population. Employment status is linked to a number of factors including Age Structure, which influences the number of people in the workforce; the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area and; the education and skill base of the population (Occupations, Industries, Qualifications).

The two most important measures are:

- Unemployment rate the number of people looking for work, as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed over 15)
- Participation rate the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population over 15

Please note that in the 2021 Census, due to the COVID pandemic and lockdowns in many areas, the proportion of people who were employed but away from work in the week before Census has increased. We have no information on whether these people were normally employed full or part time so this is shown separately.

Labour force status

Division 2 - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Labour force status	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Total labour force (Participation rate)	10,999	74.4	63.6	9,109	72.1	63.7	+1,889
Not in the labour force	2,886	19.5	28.7	2,672	21.1	28.7	+214
Labour force status not stated	898	6.1	7.8	854	6.8	7.6	+44
Total persons aged 15+	14,783	100.0	100.0	12,640	100.0	100.0	+2,142

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Employment status

Division 2 - Persons in the labour force (Usual residence)		2021		2016			Change
Employment status	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Employed	10,603	96.4	94.9	8,350	91.7	91.1	+2,253
Employed full-time	6,978	63.4	59.9	5,617	61.7	58.7	+1,360
Employed part-time	2,882	26.2	29.0	2,248	24.7	27.3	+633
Employed, away from work	743	6.8	6.0	483	5.3	5.1	+259
Unemployed (Unemployment rate)	396	3.6	5.1	759	8.3	8.9	-364
Looking for full-time work	200	1.8	2.8	491	5.4	5.7	-292
Looking for part-time work	196	1.8	2.3	267	2.9	3.2	-72
Total labour force	10,999	100.0	100.0	9,109	100.0	100.0	+1,889

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a Youth unemployment rate (persons aged 15-24)

a Seniors unemployment rate (persons aged 55 or more)

^a Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)

People employed part-time

e Annual employed resident totals

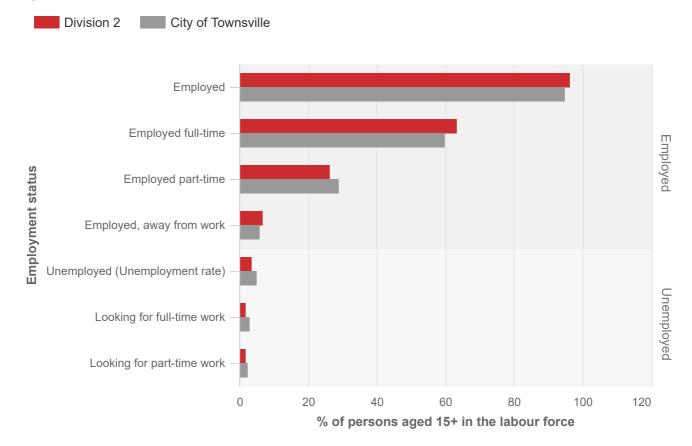
e Quarterly unemployment totals

e Map of employment locations by industry

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

Employment status, 2021

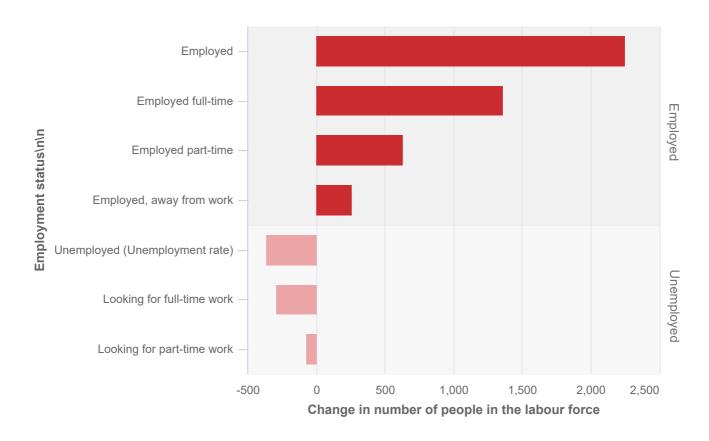
Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in employment status, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The size of Division 2's labour force in 2021 was 10,999, of which 2,882 were employed part-time and 6,978 were full time workers.

Analysis of the employment status (as a percentage of the labour force) in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a higher proportion in employment, and a lower proportion unemployed. Overall, 96.4% of the labour force was employed, and 3.6% unemployed, compared with 94.9% and 5.1% respectively for City of Townsville.

Analysis of the labour force participation rate of the population in Division 2 in 2021 shows that there was a higher proportion in the labour force (74.4%) compared with City of Townsville (63.6%).

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people employed in Division 2 showed an increase of 2,253, and the number unemployed showed a decrease of 363. In the same period, the number of people in the labour force showed an increase of 1,890 or 20.7%.

Division 2 Industry sector of employment

Division 2's industry statistics identify the industry sectors in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the skill base and socio-economic status of the residents as well as the industries and employment opportunities present in the region.

When viewed in conjunction with **Residents Place of Work** data and **Method of Travel to Work**, industry sector statistics provide insights into the relationship between the economic and residential role of the area.

Industry sector of employment

Division 2 - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Industry sector	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	34	0.3	0.7	57	0.7	0.7	-23
Mining	445	4.2	2.8	291	3.5	2.4	+154
Manufacturing	491	4.6	4.5	452	5.4	4.7	+39
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	158	1.5	1.4	139	1.7	1.5	+19
Construction	1,003	9.5	8.5	939	11.2	8.2	+64
Wholesale trade	258	2.4	1.9	238	2.9	2.2	+19
Retail Trade	879	8.3	9.2	849	10.2	9.9	+29
Accommodation and Food Services	615	5.8	7.4	478	5.7	7.6	+137
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	480	4.5	4.3	453	5.4	4.8	+27
Information Media and Telecommunications	85	0.8	0.8	88	1.1	1.2	-3
Financial and Insurance Services	138	1.3	1.4	111	1.3	1.5	+27
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	155	1.5	1.4	137	1.6	1.6	+18
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	423	4.0	4.5	288	3.5	4.4	+134
Administrative and Support Services	263	2.5	2.7	256	3.1	3.1	+7
Public Administration and Safety	1,596	15.0	12.6	1,173	14.0	13.7	+422
Education and Training	909	8.6	9.4	633	7.6	9.6	+276
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,747	16.5	17.5	1,043	12.5	14.6	+704
Arts and Recreation Services	84	0.8	1.3	75	0.9	1.3	+9
Other Services	445	4.2	3.9	348	4.2	3.8	+96
Inadequately described or not stated	398	3.8	3.6	298	3.6	3.3	+99
Total employed persons aged 15+	10,606	100.0	100.0	8,353	100.0	100.0	+2,252

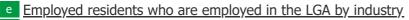
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

e Full-time equivalent (FTE) local jobs by industry (NIEIR modelled)

e Total local jobs by industry (NIEIR modelled)

e Ratio of local jobs to employed residents by industry

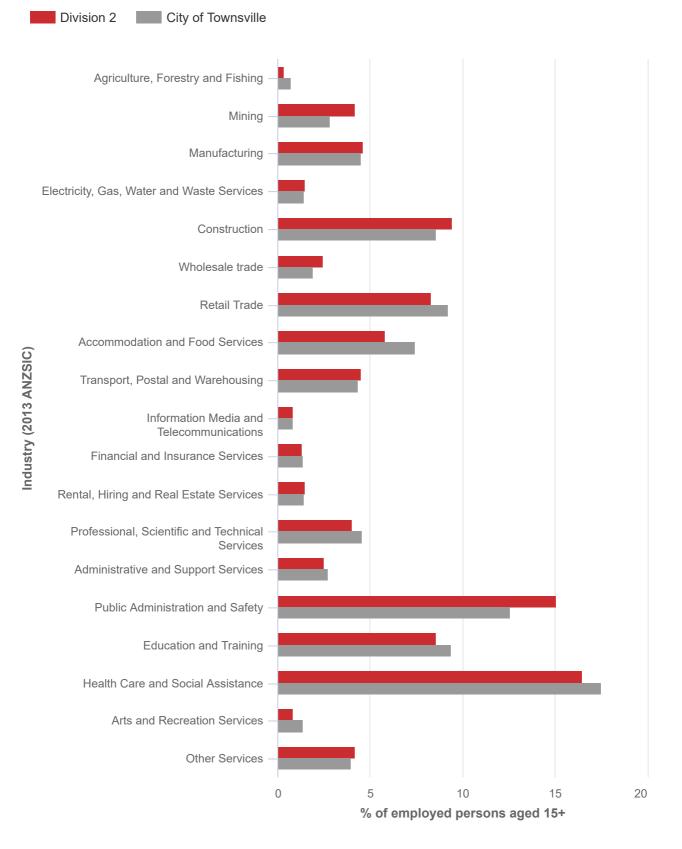


e <u>Residents who work in the LGA by industry</u>

e Total employment by industry (Census)

Industry sector of employment, 2021

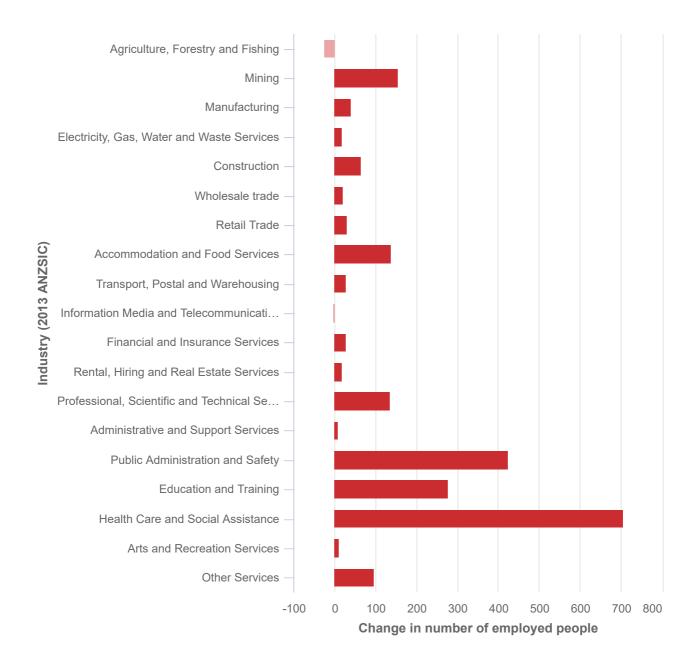
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in industry sector of employment, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Division 2 in 2021 shows the three most popular industry sectors were:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (1,747 people or 16.5%)
- Public Administration and Safety (1,596 people or 15.0%)
- Construction (1,003 people or 9.5%)

In combination, these three industries employed 4,346 people in total or 41.0% of the total employed resident population.

In comparison, City of Townsville employed 17.5% in Health Care and Social Assistance; 12.6% in Public Administration and Safety; and 8.5% in Construction.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of persons employed in public administration and safety (15.0% compared to 12.6%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in mining (4.2% compared to 2.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in accommodation and food services (5.8% compared to 7.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in health care and social assistance (16.5% compared to 17.5%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Division 2 increased by 2,253 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the jobs held by the resident population between 2016 and 2021 in Division 2 were for those employed in:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (+704 persons)
- Public Administration and Safety (+422 persons)
- Education and Training (+276 persons)
- Mining (+154 persons)

Division 2 Occupation of employment

Division 2's occupation statistics quantify the occupations in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area, education levels, and the working and social aspirations of the population. When viewed with other indicators, such as **Educational Qualifications** and **Individual Income**, Occupation is a key measure for evaluating Division 2's socio-economic status and skill base.

Occupation of employment

Division 2 - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Occupation	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Managers	1,106	10.4	10.1	817	9.8	9.7	+288
Professionals	1,822	17.2	19.7	1,157	13.9	18.8	+665
Technicians and Trades Workers	1,753	16.5	14.6	1,513	18.1	15.1	+239
Community and Personal Service Workers	1,753	16.5	16.1	1,175	14.1	14.7	+578
Clerical and Administrative Workers	1,397	13.2	12.3	1,175	14.1	13.5	+222
Sales Workers	865	8.2	8.6	813	9.7	9.7	+51
Machinery Operators And Drivers	884	8.3	7.5	795	9.5	7.5	+89
Labourers	821	7.7	9.3	771	9.2	9.5	+50
Not stated or inadequately described	199	1.9	1.7	134	1.6	1.4	+65
Total employed persons aged 15+	10,603	100.0	100.0	8,353	100.0	100.0	+2,249

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

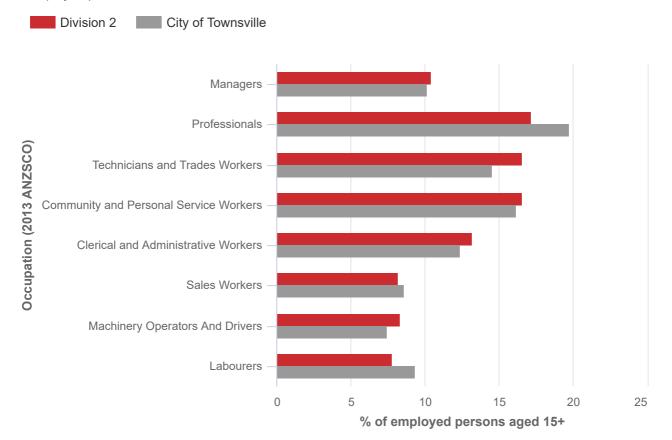
^a People employed as Managers or Professionals

e Workforce occupations by industry

e Local labour force occupations by industry

Occupation of employment, 2021

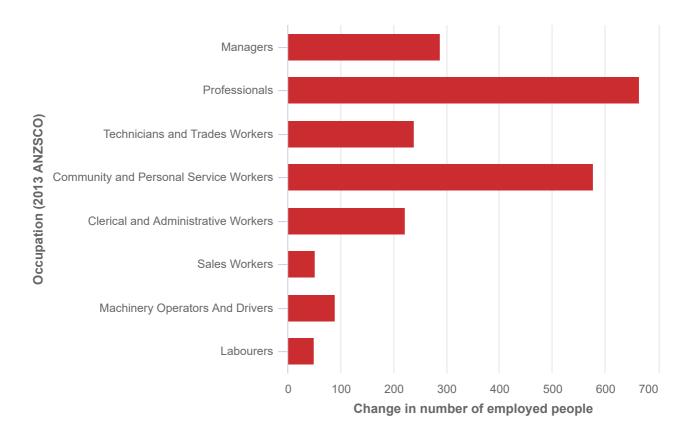
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in occupation of employment, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Division 2 in 2021 shows the three most popular occupations were:

- Professionals (1,822 people or 17.2%)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (1,753 people or 16.5%)
- Community and Personal Service Workers (1,753 people or 16.5%)

In combination these three occupations accounted for 5,328 people in total or 50.3% of the employed resident population.

In comparison, City of Townsville employed 19.7% in Professionals; 14.6% in Technicians and Trades Workers; and 16.1% in Community and Personal Service Workers.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of persons employed as Technicians and Trades Workers (16.5% compared to 14.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Professionals (17.2% compared to 19.7%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Labourers (7.7% compared to 9.3%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Division 2 increased by 2,250 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the occupations of residents between 2016 and 2021 in Division 2 were for those employed as:

- Professionals (+665 persons)
- Community and Personal Service Workers (+578 persons)
- Managers (+288 persons)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (+239 persons)

Division 2 Method of travel to work

Division 2's commuting statistics reveal the main modes of transport by which residents get to work. There are a number of reasons why people use different modes of transport to get to work including the availability of affordable and effective public transport options, the number of motor vehicles available within a household, and the distance travelled to work.

Commuting data is very useful in transport planning as it informs decision-makers about the availability, effectiveness and utilisation of local transport options, particularly when analysed with Residents Place of Work data and Car Ownership.

WARNING: Method of travel to work relates to Census day, which for the 2021 Census occurred during COVID-19 lockdowns for large parts of Australia. In lockdown, many occupations were required to work from home if possible, and some industries were closed, so people did not go to work. For this reason, these categories may have increased, with corresponding declines in other methods of travel. Use the data with caution when comparing over time. For more details, please refer to the **data notes**.

Division 2 - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Main method of travel	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Train	0		0.0	2	0.0	0.1	-2
Bus	105	1.0	1.1	97	1.2	1.4	+8
Tram	0		0.0	0		0.0	0
Ferry	3	0.0	0.1	2	0.0	0.1	0
Taxi/ride-share	12	0.1	0.3	2	0.0	0.2	+10
Car - as driver	7,885	74.4	70.6	6,235	74.6	71.1	+1,650
Car - as passenger	453	4.3	5.4	446	5.3	5.9	+7
Truck	61	0.6	0.7	80	1.0	0.7	-19
Motorbike	101	1.0	1.0	100	1.2	1.2	0
Bicycle	19	0.2	1.0	33	0.4	1.5	-14
Walked only	64	0.6	2.2	89	1.1	2.7	-25
Other	181	1.7	1.9	165	2.0	1.8	+16
Worked at home	504	4.8	5.1	200	2.4	2.7	+304
Did not go to work	1,184	11.2	10.4	852	10.2	9.8	+331
Not stated	29	0.3	0.4	47	0.6	0.7	-19
Total employed persons aged 15+	10,601	100.0	100.0	8,355	100.0	100.0	+2,246

Method of travel to work

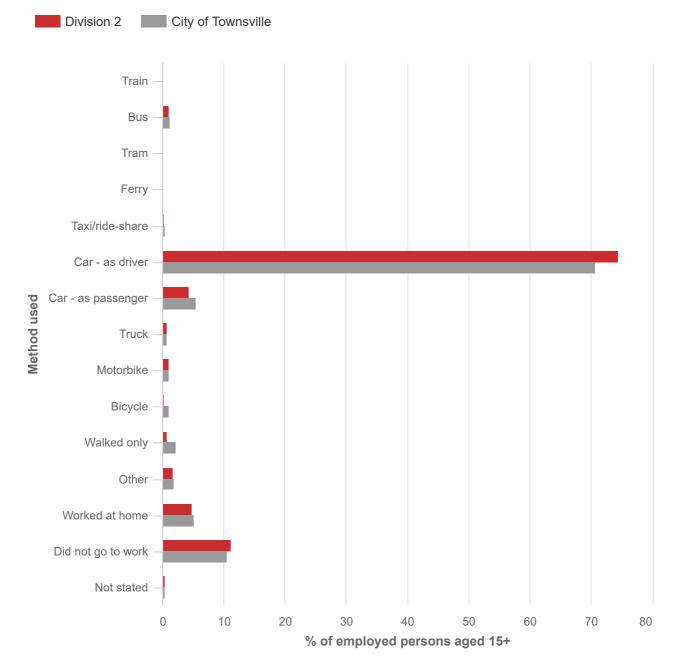
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed

a People who travelled to work by car

^a People who travelled to work on public transport

Method of travel to work, 2021

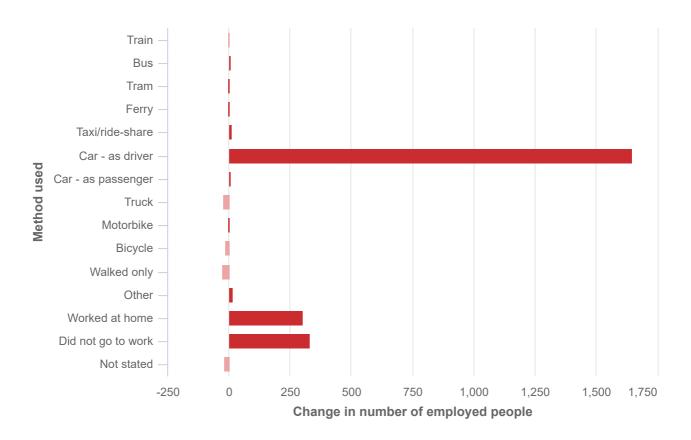
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in method of travel to work, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 108 people who caught public transport to work (train, bus, tram or ferry) in Division 2, compared with 8,500 who drove in private vehicles (car – as driver, car – as passenger, motorbike, or truck).

Analysis of the method of travel to work of the residents in Division 2 in 2021, compared to City of Townsville, shows that 1.0% used public transport, while 78.7% used a private vehicle, compared with 1.2% and 76.0% respectively in City of Townsville.

The major differences in persons between the method of travel to work of Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of persons who travelled by car (as driver) (74.4% compared to 70.6%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who walked only (0.6% compared to 2.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by car (as a passenger) (4.3% compared to 5.4%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Division 2 increased by 2,246 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the method of travel to work by resident population in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021 were for those nominated:

- Car as driver (+1,650 persons)
- Did not go to work (+331 persons)
- Worked at home (+304 persons)

Division 2 Volunteer work

The voluntary work sector is an important part of Australia's economy. The level of volunteering can indicate the cohesiveness of the community and how readily individuals are able to contribute to that community. Factors impacting on the level of volunteering in Division 2 include the Age Structure of the population, the level of Proficiency in English, Income and Education levels.

Volunteer numbers for the 2021 Census declined in many parts of Australia due to lockdowns and COVID-19 distancing measures.

Volunteer work

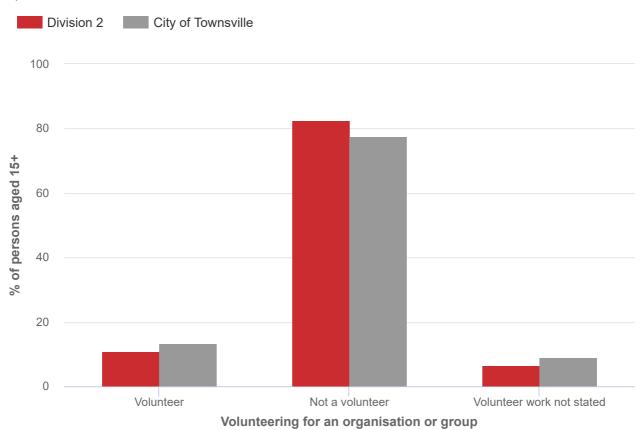
Division 2 - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Volunteer status	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Volunteer	1,610	10.9	13.3	1,783	14.1	18.4	-173
Not a volunteer	12,218	82.7	77.7	9,896	78.3	72.3	+2,322
Volunteer work not stated	952	6.4	8.9	957	7.6	9.3	-5
Total persons aged 15+	14,780	100.0	100.0	12,635	100.0	100.0	+2,145

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Volunteer work, 2021

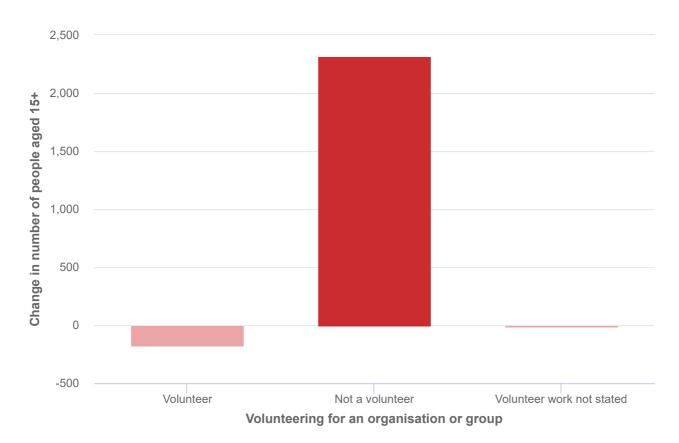
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in volunteer work, 2016 to 2021

Division 2 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the voluntary work performed by the population in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people who volunteered for an organisation or group.

Overall, 10.9% of the population reported performing voluntary work, compared with 13.3% for City of Townsville.

Emerging groups

The number of volunteers in Division 2 decreased by 173 people between 2016 and 2021.

Division 2 Household income

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Division 2's Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as **Qualifications** and **Occupation**, it helps to reveal the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Division 2. It is important to note that income data is not necessarily a measure of wealth. For example, if an area has a large number of retirees this will produce a higher proportion of households with low income but the retirees may have large capital wealth. For this reason, household income should be viewed in conjunction with **Age** and **Household Composition**.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Household Income Quartiles.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Weekly household income

Division 2 - Total households (Enumerated)		2021	
Weekly income	Number	%	City of Townsville %
Neg/Nil Income	69	1.0	1.5
\$1 - \$149	20	0.3	0.6
\$150 - \$299	29	0.4	1.2
\$300 - \$399	51	0.8	2.1
\$400 - \$499	120	1.8	4.8
\$500 - \$649	136	2.1	4.1
\$650 - \$799	230	3.5	5.6
\$800 - \$999	274	4.1	6.1
\$1,000 - \$1,249	361	5.5	7.2
\$1,250 - \$1,499	398	6.0	7.6
\$1,500 - \$1,749	391	5.9	6.1
\$1,750 - \$1,999	433	6.5	6.0
\$2,000 - \$2,499	999	15.1	11.7
\$2,500 - \$2,999	809	12.2	7.9
\$3,000 - \$3,499	621	9.4	6.3
\$3,500 - \$3,999	366	5.5	3.7
\$4,000 - \$4,499	168	2.5	2.2
\$4,500 - \$4,999	230	3.5	2.9
\$5,000 - \$5,999	140	2.1	1.7
\$6,000 - \$7,999	70	1.1	1.2
\$8,000 or more	20	0.3	0.4
Not stated	677	10.2	9.0
Total households	6,612	100.0	100.0

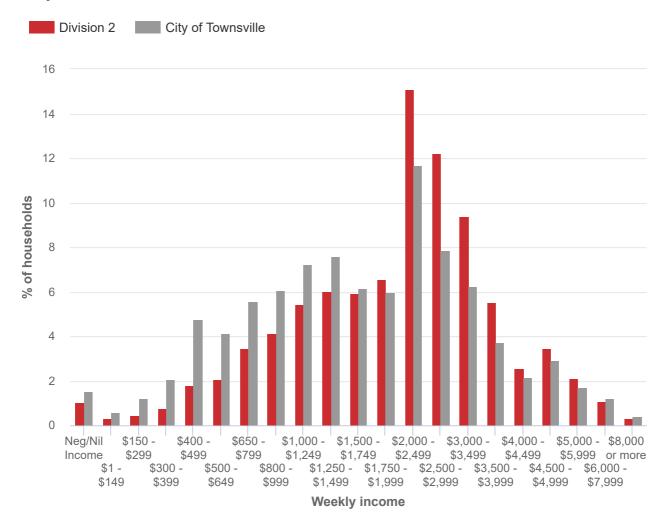
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a Low income households (less than \$800 per week)

- <u>High income households (more than \$3,000 per week)</u>
- a Median household income

Weekly household income, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of household income levels in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a larger proportion of high income households (those earning \$3,000 per week or more) and a lower proportion of low income households (those earning less than \$800 per week).

Overall, 24.4% of the households earned a high income and 9.9% were low income households, compared with 18.4% and 19.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the household incomes of Division 2 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of households who earned \$2,500 \$2,999 (12.2% compared to 7.9%)
- A larger percentage of households who earned \$2,000 \$2,499 (15.1% compared to 11.7%)
- A larger percentage of households who earned \$3,000 \$3,499 (9.4% compared to 6.3%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households who earned \$400 \$499 (1.8% compared to 4.8%)

Division 2 Household type

Division 2's household and family structure is one of the most important demographic indicators. It reveals the area's residential role and function, era of settlement and provides key insights into the level of demand for services and facilities as most are related to age and household types.

To continue building the story, Division 2's Household Summary should be viewed in conjunction with Households with Children, Households Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

Household type

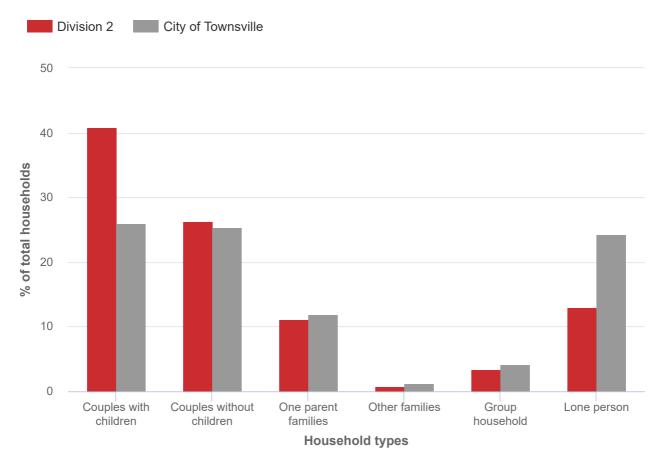
Division 2 - Total households (Enumerated)		2021			2016			
Households by type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021	
Couples with children	2,816	40.8	26.0	2,250	37.9	27.7	+566	
Couples without children	1,819	26.4	25.4	1,662	28.0	25.0	+157	
One parent families	768	11.1	11.9	686	11.6	11.6	+81	
Other families	53	0.8	1.2	48	0.8	1.1	+5	
Group household	235	3.4	4.1	201	3.4	4.6	+33	
Lone person	899	13.0	24.2	714	12.0	22.0	+184	
Other not classifiable household	272	3.9	4.8	287	4.8	5.5	-15	
Visitor only households	36	0.5	2.3	90	1.5	2.4	-55	
Total households	6,898	100.0	100.0	5,941	100.0	100.0	+957	

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- a One parent families with dependent children
- a Couple families with dependent children
- ^a Young couples (aged 15-44 years) without children
- a Older couples (65 years and over) without children
- ^a Young lone person households (aged 15-44 years).
- a Older lone person households (aged 65 years and over).
- Average household size

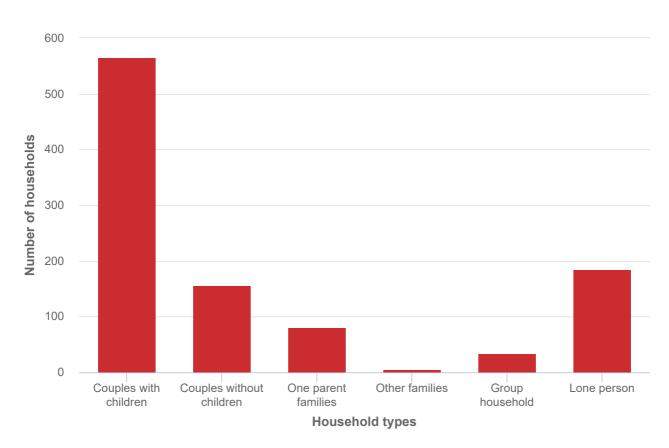
Household type, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household type, 2016 to 2021

Division 2



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the household/family types in Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a higher proportion of couple families with child(ren) as well as a lower proportion of one-parent families. Overall, 40.8% of total families were couple families with child(ren), and 11.1% were one-parent families, compared with 26.0% and 11.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

There were a lower proportion of lone person households and a higher proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of lone person households was 13.0% compared to 24.2% in City of Townsville while the proportion of couples without children was 26.4% compared to 25.4% in City of Townsville.

Emerging groups

The number of households in Division 2 increased by 957 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in family/household types in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Couples with children (+566 households)
- Lone person (+184 households)
- Couples without children (+157 households)
- One parent families (+81 households)

Division 2 Dwelling type

Dwelling Type is an important determinant of Division 2's residential role and function. A greater concentration of higher density dwellings is likely to attract more young adults and smaller households, often renting. Larger, detached or separate dwellings are more likely to attract families and prospective families. The residential built form often reflects market opportunities or planning policy, such as building denser forms of housing around public transport nodes or employment centres.

Dwelling Type statistics should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Household Types, Housing Tenure and Age Structure for a more complete picture of the housing market in Division 2.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

Division 2 - Dwellings (Enumerated)	2021					Change	
Dwelling type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Separate house	7,111	97.4	78.0	6,184	95.0	77.4	+927
Medium density	185	2.5	14.9	203	3.1	15.0	-19
High density	0		5.2	0		5.2	0
Caravans, cabin, houseboat	5	0.1	1.3	94	1.4	1.7	-89
Other	0		0.1	3	0.0	0.2	-3
Not stated	0		0.5	22	0.3	0.4	-22
Total Private Dwellings	7,301	100.0	100.0	6,507	100.0	100.0	+793

Dwelling structure

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwelling type

Division 2	2021				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	6,880	94.0	90.2	5,935	91.3	88.9	+944
Unoccupied private dwellings	432	5.9	9.6	563	8.7	10.9	-132
Non private dwellings	7	0.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.2	+7
Total dwellings	7,319	100.0	100.0	6,499	100.0	100.0	+819

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

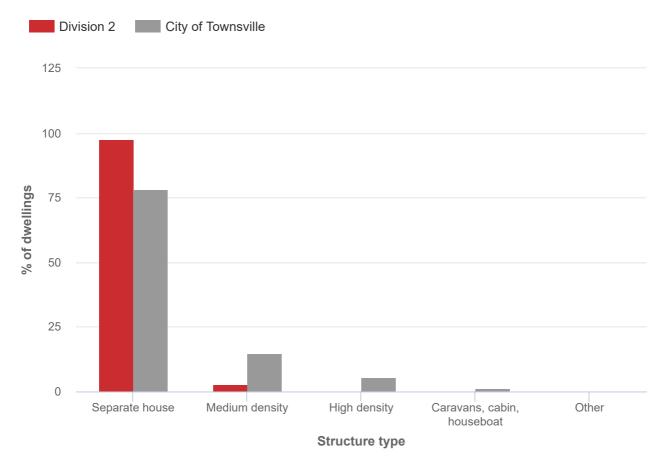
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People in non-private dwellings

- a <u>Unoccupied dwellings</u>
- a Dominant dwelling structure

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

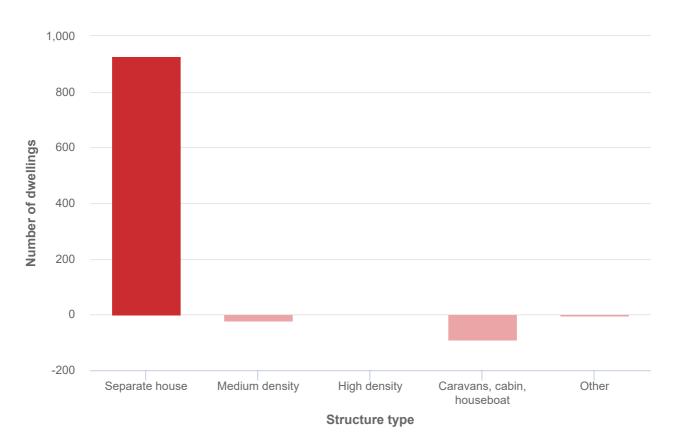
Dwelling structure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in dwelling structure, 2016 to 2021

Division 2



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 7,111 separate houses in the area, 185 medium density dwellings, and no high density dwellings.

Analysis of the types of dwellings in Division 2 in 2021 shows that 97.4% of all dwellings were separate houses; 2.5% were medium density dwellings, and 0% were in high density dwellings, compared with 78.0%, 14.9%, and 5.2% in the City of Townsville respectively.

In 2021, a total of 94.0% of the dwellings in Division 2 were occupied on Census night, compared to 90.2% in City of Townsville. The proportion of unoccupied dwellings was 5.9%, which is smaller compared to that found in City of Townsville (9.6%).

Emerging groups

The total number of dwellings in Division 2 increased by 820 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the type of dwellings found in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Separate house (+927 dwellings)
- Caravans, cabin, houseboat (-89 dwellings)

Division 2 Housing tenure

Division 2's Housing Tenure data provides insights into its socio-economic status as well as the role it plays in the housing market. For example, a high concentration of private renters may indicate a transient area attractive to young singles and couples, while a concentration of home owners indicates a more settled area with mature families and empty-nesters (Household Summary). Tenure can also reflect built form (Dwelling Type), with a significantly higher share of renters in high density housing and a substantially larger proportion of home-owners in separate houses, although this is not always the case.

In conjunction with other socio-economic status indicators in Division 2, Tenure data is useful for analysing housing markets, housing affordability and identifying public housing areas.

Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Housing tenure

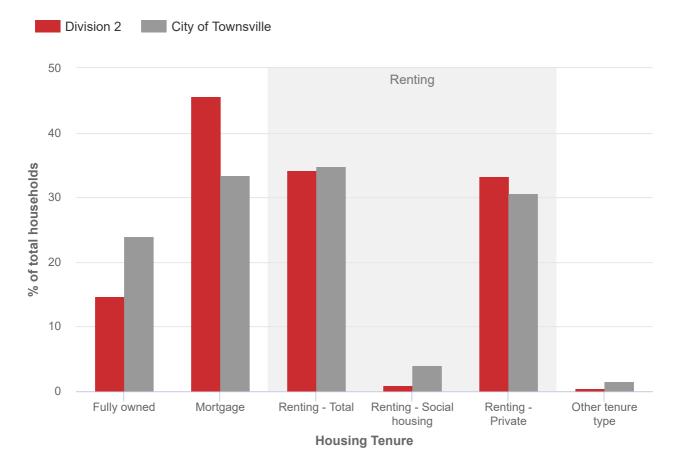
Division 2 - Households (Enumerated)		2021		2016			Change
Tenure type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Fully owned	1,015	14.8	24.0	846	14.2	22.1	+169
Mortgage	3,146	45.7	33.4	2,531	42.6	32.6	+614
Renting - Total	2,355	34.2	34.8	2,112	35.6	35.6	+243
Renting - Social housing	59	0.9	4.0	71	1.2	4.1	-13
Renting - Private	2,293	33.3	30.6	2,031	34.2	31.3	+262
Renting - Not stated	3	0.0	0.2	9	0.2	0.2	-6
Other tenure type	32	0.5	1.5	37	0.6	1.4	-5
Not stated	332	4.8	6.3	411	6.9	8.3	-79
Total households	6,880	100.0	100.0	5,938	100.0	100.0	+942

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a Dominant tenure type

Housing tenure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing tenure, 2016 to 2021

Division 2



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the housing tenure of households of Division 2 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a smaller proportion of households who owned their dwelling; a larger proportion purchasing their dwelling; and a smaller proportion who were renters.

Overall, 14.8% of households owned their dwelling; 45.7% were purchasing, and 34.2% were renting, compared with 24.0%, 33.4% and 34.8% respectively for City of Townsville.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in housing tenure categories for the households in Division 2 between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Mortgage (+614 households)
- Renting Private (+262 households)
- Fully owned (+169 households)

The total number of households in Division 2 increased by 942 between 2016 and 2021.

City of Townsville SEIFA by profile area

The City of Townsville Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, single parent families, low skilled occupations, poor English proficiency), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage (with population close to the middle). This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy, because it highlights the areas of most need.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, high rent, large dwellings), Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure. Often the IRSAD index will show a more "spread out" distribution with a greater range of scores from very high to very low, due to its ability to measure advantage above the average level.

SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced.

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage, or (in the case of IRSAD only) a *higher* level of advantage. A lower score on the index means a higher level of disadvantage on both indexes, and a lack of advantage on the IRSAD.

The percentile column indicates the approximate position of this small area in a ranked list of Australia's suburbs and localities in 2021. It's meant to give a broad indication of where the area sits within the whole nation. A higher number indicates a higher socio-economic status. For instance, a percentile of 72 indicates that approximately 72% of Australia's suburbs have a SEIFA index lower than this area (more disadvantaged), while 28% are higher. This applies a comparison to suburbs even when the index concerned doesn't relate to a suburb.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

City of Townsville's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2021 index	Percentile
Bohle Plains - Rangewood - Shaw	1,076.3	88
Townsville City	1,063.6	81
Douglas	1,061.5	80
Annandale	1,054.8	76
Mount Low - Burdell - Beach Holm	1,051.5	74
Idalia - Cluden - Oonoonba	1,050.5	73
Division 2	1,049.3	72
Division 6	1,043.3	68
City and Beach Side	1,041.7	67
Riverside Suburbs	1,039.5	66
Rural South East	1,039.5	66
Central Business District	1,037.4	64
Emerging Community North	1,037.3	64
Alligator Creek and District	1,035.2	63
South-West Region	1,030.8	60
Castle Hill - North Ward	1,029.4	60
Black River - Alice River - Hervey Range	1,027.5	58
Cosgrove - Mount Louisa	1,026.4	57
Belgian Gardens - Rowes Bay	1,022.2	55
Division 10	1,016.4	51
Division 1	1,012.6	49
North-West Region	1,009.3	47
Woodstock District	1,008.7	47
Division 3	1,000.5	42
Queensland	995.0	39
Murray - Roseneath and District	995.0	39
South Townsville	993.0	38
Railway Estate	991.9	37
City of Townsville	989.6	36
Division 5	987.2	35
Mundingburra	983.1	33
Regional QLD	983.0	33

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

City of Townsville's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2021 index	Percentile
Thuringowa Central	980.8	32
Julago - Stuart	980.3	31
Magnetic Island	980.0	31
Magnetic Island	980.0	31
Northern Queensland	979.6	31
Rosslea	978.9	31
Division 7	972.5	28
Kirwan	972.1	28
Hyde Park - Mysterton	971.6	27
West End	966.4	25
Balgal Beach - Rural West	966.1	25
Deeragun - Jensen	965.8	25
Central Suburbs - East	962.1	24
Division 9	960.0	23
Wulguru	958.8	22
Kirwan and Upper Ross	950.0	19
Cranbrook	949.5	19
Currajong	948.0	19
Central Suburbs - West	946.4	19
Hermit Park	945.9	18
Gulliver	944.9	18
Kelso	937.2	16
Division 8	928.6	14
Condon	927.4	14
Division 4	923.7	13
Aitkenvale	915.7	11
Shelly Beach - Garbutt and surrounds	904.6	10
Rasmussen	896.4	9
Pimlico	893.8	8
Heatley	892.0	8
Vincent	862.6	5

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

- a Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage
 a Index of Relative Socio-economic Advantage and Disadvantage