City of Townsville

2021 Census Results Division 3

Comparison year: 2016 Benchmark area: City of Townsville



community profile





Table of Contents

Population highlights	1
Service age groups	4
Birthplace	8
Language used at home	12
Religion	16
Qualifications	20
Highest level of schooling	23
Education institution attending	26
Need for assistance	30
Health type	33
Employment status	36
Industries	40
Occupations	45
Method of travel to work	49
Volunteering	53
Household income	56
Household type	59
Dwelling type	62
Housing tenure	65
SEIFA by profile area	68

Division 3

Population highlights

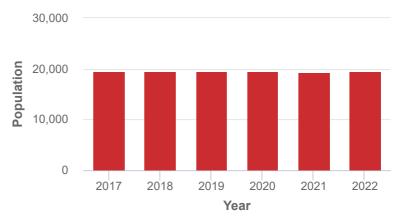
Population

19,520

ERP, 2022

 \blacktriangle Grown by 110 from the previous year.





Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Regional Population Growth, Australia (3218.0). Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions)

2021 data with change from 2016 unless otherwise stated.

- ◆ No significant change since previous Census (less than +/-0.5%) ▲ Increased since previous Census
- Decreased since previous Census

Median age		Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population	
45 (5)		5.7% (1.2%)	
City of Townsville	36 🔺	City of Townsville	8.4% 🔺
Regional QLD	41 🔺	Regional QLD	6.1% 🔺
Queensland	38 🔺	Queensland	4.6% 🔺
Couples with children		Older couples without children	
14% (-2.5%)		8% (1.7%)	
City of Townsville	26% 🔻	City of Townsville	9% 🔺
Regional QLD	25% 🔻	Regional QLD	12% 🔺
Queensland	28% 🔻	Queensland	10% 🔺

Page 1 of 71

Lone person households

36% (4.6%)

City of Townsville	24% 🔺
Regional QLD	23% 🔺
Queensland	23% 🔺

Median weekly household income

Medium and high density Housing

53% (4.3%)

City of Townsville	20% 🔸
Regional QLD	24% 🔺
Queensland	26% 🔺

Median weekly mortgage repayment



\$1,638
\$1,494 🔺
\$1,637 🔺

\$369 .(\$-26)

City of Townsville	\$350 🔻
Regional QLD	\$380 🔻
Queensland	\$399 🔸

Median weekly rent

\$300 (\$2)

City of Townsville	\$310 🔺
Regional QLD	\$345 🔺
Queensland	\$365 🔺

Households with a mortgage

20% • (-0.9%)

City of Townsville	33%
Regional QLD	30%
Queensland	32%

Households renting

43% (0.7%)

City of Townsville	35% 🔻
Regional QLD	30% 🔻
Queensland	32% 🔸

Overseas born

21% (1.9%)

City of Townsville	14% 🔸
Regional QLD	18% 🔺
Queensland	23% 🔺

▲ ▲

Language at home other than English

9% (1.1%)

City of Townsville	8% 🔺
Regional QLD	9% 🔺
Queensland	13% 🔺

University qualification

28% (4.3%)

City of Townsville	18% 🔺
Regional QLD	17% 🔺
Queensland	22% 🔺

Unemployment rate

5.0% (-2.7%)

City of Townsville	5.1% 🔻
Regional QLD	5.2% 🔻
Queensland	5.4% 🔻

Worked at home

8% (3.6%)

City of Townsville	5%
Regional QLD	11%
Queensland	14%

University attendance

5% (-0.6%)

City of Townsville	5% 🔻
Regional QLD	3% 🔸
Queensland	4% 🔸

Trade qualification (certificate)

City of Townsville	24% 🔺
Regional QLD	24% 🔺
Queensland	22% 🔺

Participation rate (population in labour force)

59% • (-1.8%)

City of Townsville	64% 🔸
Regional QLD	59% 🔸
Queensland	62% 🔺

SEIFA index of disadvantage 2016

1003

City of Townsville	989 🔺
Regional QLD	981 🔺
Queensland	996 🔺

•

Division 3 Service age groups

The Age Structure of Division 3 provides key insights into the level of demand for age based services and facilities such as child care. It is an indicator of Division 3's residential role and function and how it is likely to change in the future.

Service age groups divide the population into age categories that reflect typical life-stages. They indicate the level of demand for services that target people at different stages in life and how that demand is changing.

To get a more complete picture Division 3's Age Structure should be viewed in conjunction with Household Types and Dwelling Types.

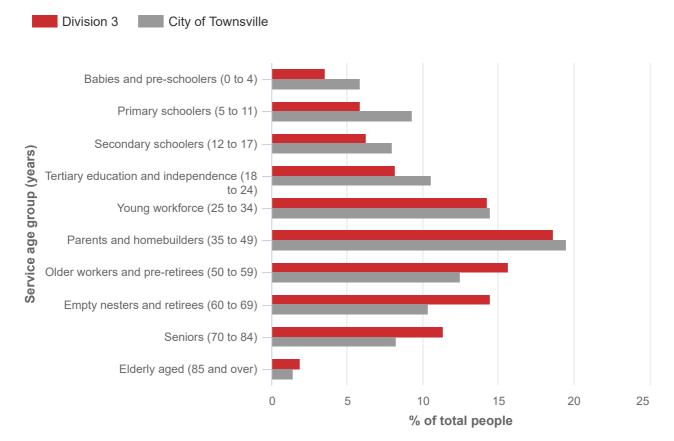
Age structure - Service age groups

Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Service age group (years)	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Babies and pre-schoolers (0 to 4)	675	3.5	5.8	951	4.6	6.8	-276
Primary schoolers (5 to 11)	1,112	5.8	9.3	1,391	6.8	9.6	-280
Secondary schoolers (12 to 17)	1,200	6.3	8.0	1,341	6.5	7.9	-142
Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24)	1,567	8.2	10.6	1,957	9.5	11.5	-390
Young workforce (25 to 34)	2,733	14.3	14.5	3,165	15.4	14.8	-433
Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49)	3,575	18.7	19.5	4,132	20.1	20.1	-557
Older workers and pre-retirees (50 to 59)	2,999	15.7	12.5	3,130	15.3	12.3	-132
Empty nesters and retirees (60 to 69)	2,776	14.5	10.3	2,463	12.0	9.4	+312
Seniors (70 to 84)	2,172	11.3	8.2	1,566	7.6	6.4	+605
Elderly aged (85 and over)	353	1.8	1.4	418	2.0	1.2	-66
Total	19,162	100.0	100.0	20,520	100.0	100.0	-1,358

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

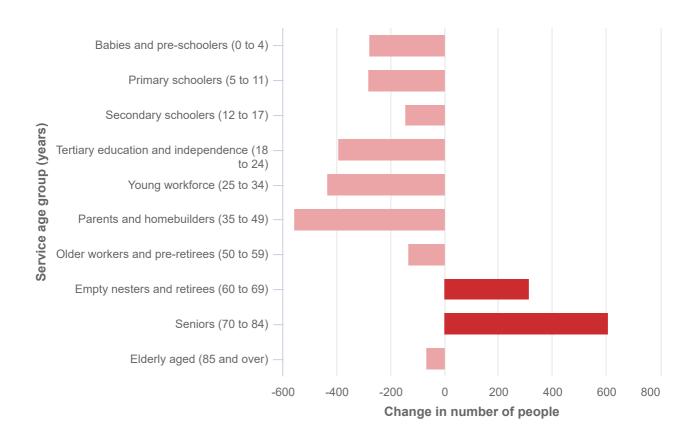
Age structure - service age groups, 2021

Total persons



Change in age structure - service age groups, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the service age groups of Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people in the younger age groups (0 to 17 years) and a higher proportion of people in the older age groups (60+ years).

Overall, 15.6% of the population was aged between 0 and 17, and 27.7% were aged 60 years and over, compared with 23.1% and 19.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the age structure of Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of 'Empty nesters and retirees' (14.5% compared to 10.3%)
- A *larger* percentage of 'Older workers & pre-retirees' (15.7% compared to 12.5%)
- A larger percentage of 'Seniors' (11.3% compared to 8.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of 'Primary schoolers' (5.8% compared to 9.3%)

Emerging groups

From 2016 to 2021, Division 3's population decreased by 1,358 people (6.6%). This represents an average annual population change of -1.36% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the age structure in this area between 2016 and 2021 were in the age groups:

- Seniors (70 to 84) (+605 people)
- Parents and homebuilders (35 to 49) (-557 people)
- Young workforce (25 to 34) (-433 people)
- Tertiary education and independence (18 to 24) (-390 people)

Division 3 Birthplace

Country of Birth data identifies where people were born and is indicative of the level of cultural diversity in Division 3. The mix of Country of Birth groups is also indicative of historical settlement patterns, as source countries for Australia's immigration program have varied significantly over time.

To get a more complete picture of cultural and ethnic characteristics, Division 3's Country of Birth data should be viewed together with Ancestry, Language Spoken at Home and Religion.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual birthplace groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS. For more information see notes on data confidentiality.

Birthplace - Summary

Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Birthplace	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Total overseas born	3,936	20.5	14.0	3,828	18.6	13.7	+108
Australia	13,419	70.0	78.7	14,372	70.0	78.6	-954
Not stated	1,806	9.4	7.3	2,330	11.4	7.8	-525
Total Population	19,161	100.0	100.0	20,531	100.0	100.0	-1,371

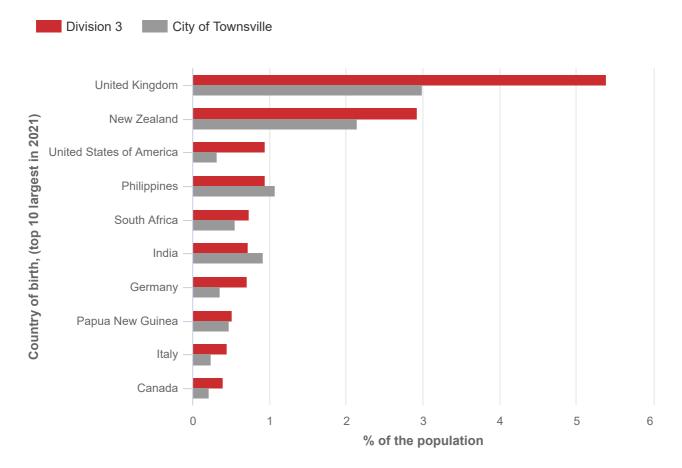
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Birthplace - Ranked by size

Division 3 - Overseas born (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Birthplace	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
United Kingdom	1,031	5.4	3.0	1,053	5.1	3.1	-23
New Zealand	561	2.9	2.1	617	3.0	2.3	-56
United States of America	179	0.9	0.3	149	0.7	0.3	+30
Philippines	179	0.9	1.1	131	0.6	0.9	+47
South Africa	139	0.7	0.5	139	0.7	0.5	0
India	138	0.7	0.9	119	0.6	0.7	+19
Germany	136	0.7	0.4	134	0.7	0.4	+1
Papua New Guinea	97	0.5	0.5	120	0.6	0.5	-24
Italy	86	0.4	0.2	68	0.3	0.2	+17
Canada	74	0.4	0.2	88	0.4	0.2	-14

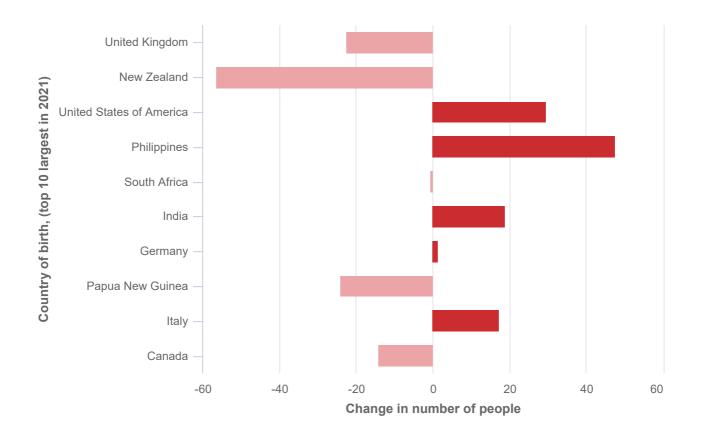
Excludes countries of birth with fewer than 10 people.

Birthplace, 2021



Change in birthplace, 2016 to 2021

Division 3



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the country of birth of the population in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a larger proportion of people born overseas.

Overall, 20.5% of the population was born overseas, compared with 14.0% for City of Townsville.

The major difference between the countries of birth of the population in Division 3 and City of Townsville was:

• A larger percentage of people born in United Kingdom (5.4% compared to 3.0%)

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people born overseas increased by 108 or 2.8%.

The largest change in birthplace countries of the population in this area between 2016 and 2021 was for those born in:

• New Zealand (-56 persons)

Division 3 Language used at home

Division 3's language statistics show the proportion of the population who use a language at home other than English. They indicate how culturally diverse a population is and the degree to which different ethnic groups and nationalities are retaining their language.

Division 3's language statistics should be analysed in conjunction with **Country of Birth** and **Proficiency in English** to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups in the area and the services required by the multicultural community.

Please note: Due to ABS rules regarding perturbation of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual language groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Language used at home - Summary

Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Language summary	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Speaks English only	15,589	81.4	83.9	16,707	81.4	85.2	-1,118
Non-English total	1,741	9.1	7.9	1,630	7.9	7.1	+110
Not stated	1,832	9.6	8.2	2,192	10.7	7.7	-361
Total Population	19,162	100.0	100.0	20,530	100.0	100.0	-1,368

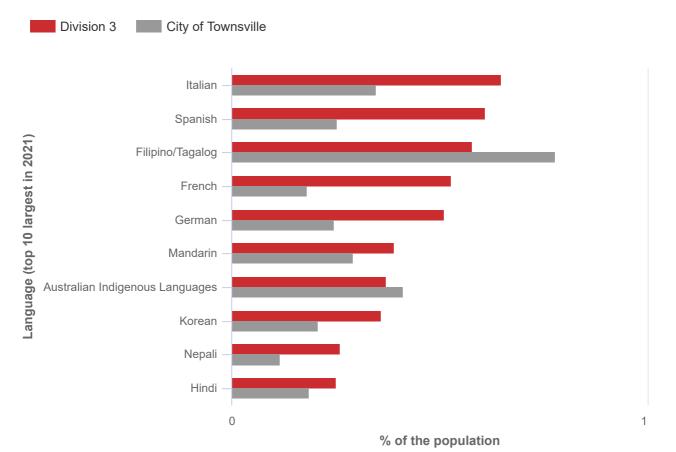
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Language used at home - Ranked by size

Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Language (excludes English)	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Italian	124	0.6	0.3	132	0.6	0.4	-8
Spanish	117	0.6	0.3	74	0.4	0.2	+42
Filipino/Tagalog	111	0.6	0.8	82	0.4	0.7	+29
French	101	0.5	0.2	58	0.3	0.2	+43
German	98	0.5	0.2	114	0.6	0.3	-17
Mandarin	75	0.4	0.3	63	0.3	0.3	+12
Australian Indigenous Languages	71	0.4	0.4	52	0.3	0.2	+18
Korean	69	0.4	0.2	41	0.2	0.1	+28
Nepali	50	0.3	0.1	17	0.1	0.1	+33
Hindi	48	0.3	0.2	37	0.2	0.2	+10

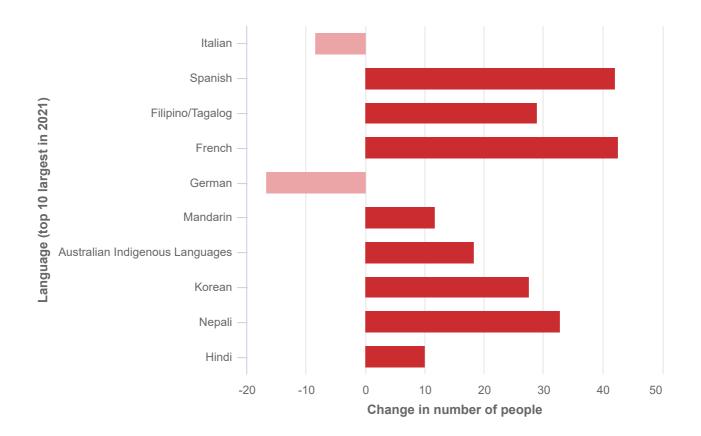
Excludes languages spoken at home by fewer than 10 people.

Language used at home, 2021



Change in language used at home, 2016 to 2021

Division 3



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the language used at home by the population of Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a smaller proportion of people who used English only, and a larger proportion of those using a non-English language (either exclusively, or in addition to English).

Overall, 81.4% of the population used English only, and 9.1% used a non-English language, compared with 83.9% and 7.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

The dominant language used at home, other than English, in Division 3 was Italian, with 0.6% of the population, or 124 people using this language at home.

There were no major differences between Division 3 and City of Townsville in 2021.

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people who used a language other than English at home increased by 111 or 6.8%, and the number of people who used English only decreased by 1,118 or 6.7%.

There were no major differences in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021.

Division 3 Religion

Division 3's religion statistics provide an indicator of cultural identity and ethnicity when observed in conjunction with other key variables. Religion data reveal the major concentrations of religions as well as revealing the proportion of people with no religious affiliation. There are a number of reasons for different religious compositions across areas including the country of birth and ethnic background of the population, the age of the population (belief in religion is generally stronger, the older the population) and changes in values and belief systems.

Division 3's religion statistics should be analysed in conjunction with other ethnicity statistics such as **Country of Birth** data and **Language Spoken** data to assist in identifying specific cultural and ethnic groups.

Please note: Due to changes in ABS rules around perturbation and additivity of data to protect the confidentiality of individuals, counts of individual religion groups and totals derived from them may differ slightly from those published by the ABS.

Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Religion totals	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Christian total	8,495	44.3	47.4	10,492	51.1	58.4	-1,998
Non Christian total	571	3.0	2.7	566	2.8	2.4	+4
Non-classifiable religious belief	157	0.8	0.6	179	0.9	0.7	-22
No Religion/secular beliefs	7,865	41.1	40.2	6,603	32.2	28.7	+1,261
Not stated	2,071	10.8	9.0	2,677	13.0	9.8	-606
Total Population	19,159	100.0	100.0	20,519	100.0	100.0	-1,361

Religion - Summary

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Religion - Ranked by size

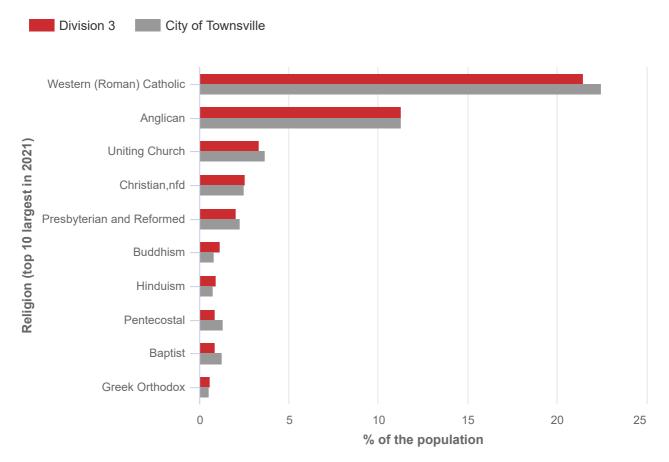
Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Religion	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Western (Roman) Catholic	4,117	21.5	22.5	4,749	23.1	26.4	-632
Anglican	2,160	11.3	11.3	2,769	13.5	15.2	-609
Uniting Church	637	3.3	3.6	807	3.9	5.1	-170
Christian,nfd	487	2.5	2.5	519	2.5	2.3	-32
Presbyterian and Reformed	383	2.0	2.2	596	2.9	3.1	-213
Buddhism	218	1.1	0.8	255	1.2	0.8	-38
Hinduism	170	0.9	0.7	122	0.6	0.5	+48
Pentecostal	158	0.8	1.3	294	1.4	1.6	-137
Baptist	157	0.8	1.3	180	0.9	1.3	-24
Greek Orthodox	107	0.6	0.5	143	0.7	0.5	-37

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

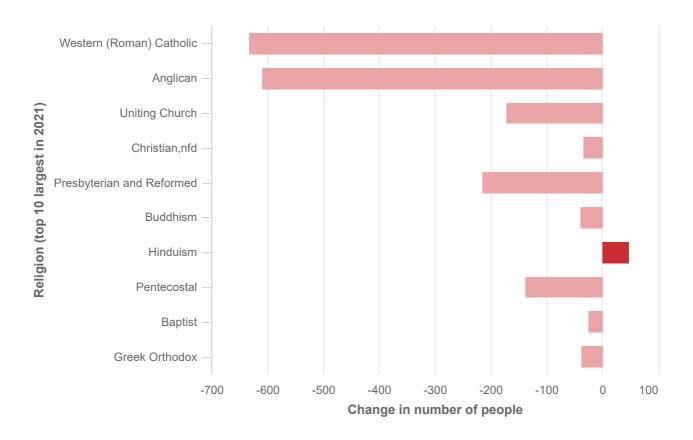
Excludes religions with fewer than 10 adherents.

Religion, 2021



Change in religion, 2016 to 2021

Division 3



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the religious affiliation of the population of Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people who professed a religion and a higher proportion who stated they had no religion.

Overall, 47.3% of the population nominated a religion, and 41.1% said they had no religion, compared with 50.1% and 40.2% respectively for City of Townsville.

The largest single religion in Division 3 was Western (Roman) Catholic, with 21.5% of the population or 4,117 people as adherents.

There were no major differences between Division 3 and City of Townsville in 2021.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the religious affiliation of the population in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021 were for those who nominated:

- Western (Roman) Catholic (-632 persons)
- Anglican (-609 persons)
- Presbyterian and Reformed (-213 persons)
- Uniting Church (-170 persons)

Division 3 Qualifications

Educational Qualifications relate to education outside of primary and secondary school and are one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as **Employment Status**, **Income** and **Occupation**, Division 3's Educational Qualifications help to evaluate the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of the area and identify skill gaps in the labour market.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

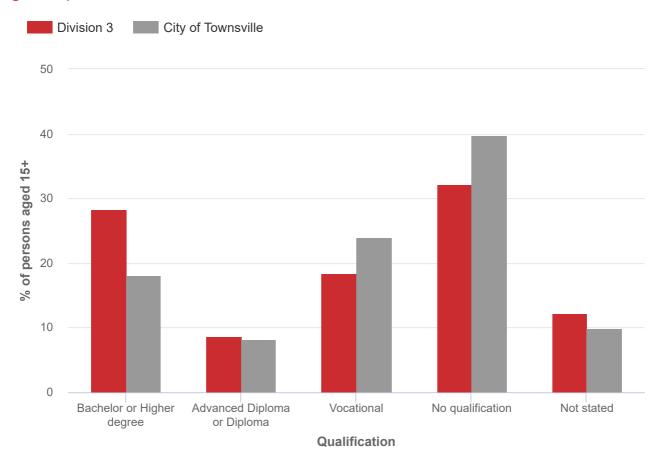
Highest qualification achieved

Division 3 - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Qualification level	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Bachelor or Higher degree	4,767	28.4	18.1	4,228	24.1	15.7	+539
Advanced Diploma or Diploma	1,448	8.6	8.2	1,476	8.4	7.8	-28
Vocational	3,101	18.5	23.9	3,374	19.2	23.3	-273
No qualification	5,417	32.3	39.8	6,036	34.4	42.0	-620
Not stated	2,055	12.2	9.9	2,453	14.0	11.1	-399
Total persons aged 15+	16,788	100.0	100.0	17,569	100.0	100.0	-781

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

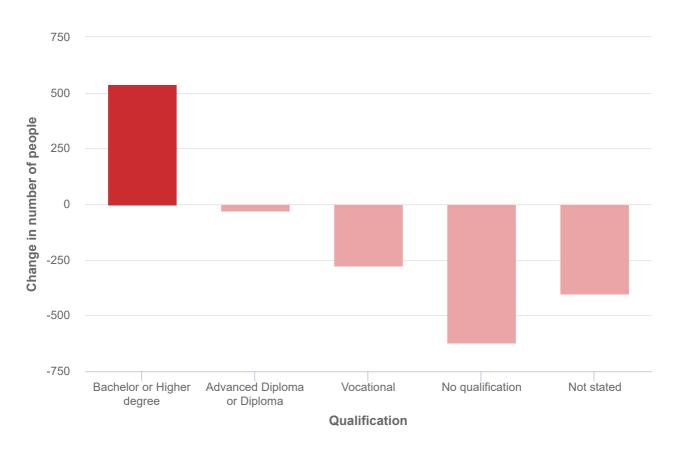
- a People with university qualifications
- ^a <u>People with trade qualifications (Certificate)</u>
- e Workforce qualifications by industry
- e Workforce field of qualifications by industry
- e Local labour force qualifications by industry
- e Local labour force field of qualifications by industry

Highest qualification achieved, 2021



Change in highest qualification achieved, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the qualifications of the population in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a higher proportion of people holding formal qualifications (Bachelor or higher degree; Advanced Diploma or Diploma; or Vocational qualifications), and a lower proportion of people with no formal qualifications.

Overall, 55.5% of the population aged 15 and over held educational qualifications, and 32.3% had no qualifications, compared with 50.3% and 39.8% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between qualifications held by the population of Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of persons with Bachelor or Higher degrees (28.4% compared to 18.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons with No qualifications (32.3% compared to 39.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons with Vocational qualifications (18.5% compared to 23.9%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the qualifications of the population in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021 were in those with:

- No qualifications (-620 persons)
- Bachelor or Higher degrees (+539 persons)
- Vocational qualifications (-273 persons)

Division 3 Highest level of schooling

Division 3's school completion data is a useful indicator of socio-economic status. With other indicators, such as **Proficiency in English**, the data informs planners and decision-makers about people's ability to access services. Combined with **Educational Qualifications** it also allows assessment of the skill base of the population.

Learn more about planning education provision here.

Highest level of secondary schooling completed

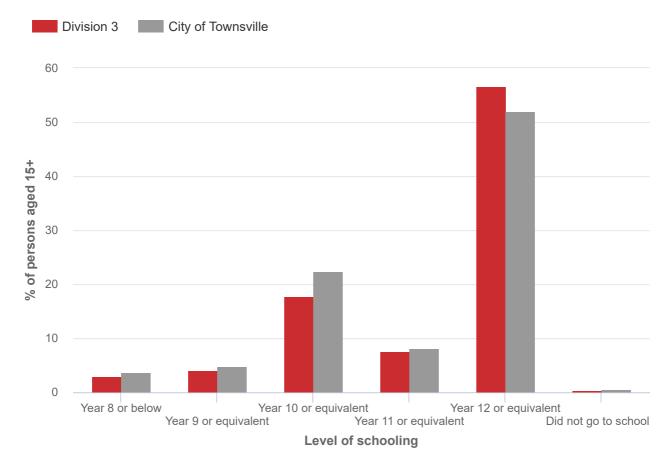
Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021			2016			Change
Level of schooling	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Year 8 or below	484	2.9	3.7	615	3.5	4.3	-131
Year 9 or equivalent	694	4.1	4.9	704	4.0	4.7	-11
Year 10 or equivalent	2,981	17.7	22.4	3,296	18.8	23.3	-316
Year 11 or equivalent	1,285	7.7	8.1	1,332	7.6	8.5	-48
Year 12 or equivalent	9,527	56.7	52.1	9,402	53.5	49.2	+124
Did not go to school	59	0.4	0.5	52	0.3	0.4	+7
Not stated	1,767	10.5	8.4	2,160	12.3	9.7	-394
Total persons aged 15+	16,797	100.0	100.0	17,565	100.0	100.0	-768

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

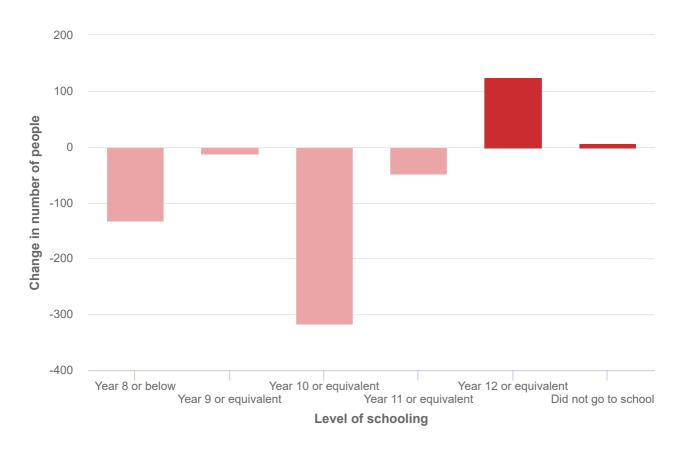
a People with below Year 11 schooling

Highest level of schooling completed, 2021



Change in highest level of schooling completed, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the highest level of schooling attained by the population in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people who had left school at an early level (Year 10 or less) and a higher proportion of people who completed Year 12 or equivalent.

Overall, 25.1% of the population left school at Year 10 or below, and 56.7% went on to complete Year 12 or equivalent, compared with 31.4% and 52.1% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the level of schooling attained by the population in Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of persons who completed year 12 or equivalent (56.7% compared to 52.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who completed year 10 or equivalent (17.7% compared to 22.4%)

Emerging groups

The largest changes in the level of schooling attained by the population in Division 3, between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Year 10 or equivalent (-316 persons)
- Year 8 or below (-131 persons)
- Year 12 or equivalent (+124 persons)

Division 3 Education institution attending

The share of Division 3's population attending educational institutions reflects the age structure of the population, as it is influenced by the number of children attending school; proximity to tertiary education, which can mean young adults leaving home to be nearer to educational facilities and; the degree to which people are seeking out educational opportunities in adulthood, especially in their late teens and early twenties.

This data is often combined with Age Structure to identify areas with significant university student populations.

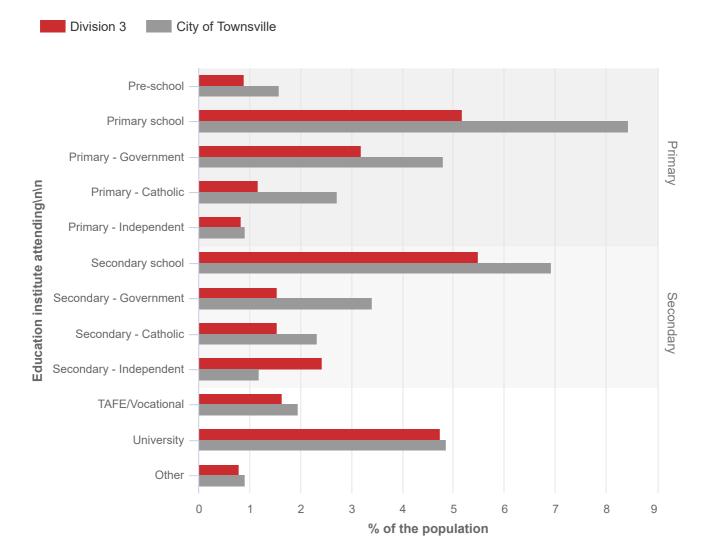
Learn more about planning education provision here.

Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Type of institution	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Pre-school	169	0.9	1.6	178	0.9	1.2	-10
Primary school	991	5.2	8.4	1,221	5.9	8.8	-231
Primary - Government	611	3.2	4.8	723	3.5	5.3	-112
Primary - Catholic	221	1.2	2.7	292	1.4	2.5	-72
Primary - Independent	159	0.8	0.9	205	1.0	1.0	-47
Secondary school	1,051	5.5	6.9	1,158	5.6	6.6	-108
Secondary - Government	293	1.5	3.4	371	1.8	3.4	-78
Secondary - Catholic	295	1.5	2.3	315	1.5	2.0	-21
Secondary - Independent	463	2.4	1.2	472	2.3	1.1	-9
TAFE/Vocational	311	1.6	1.9	309	1.5	1.7	+1
University	908	4.7	4.9	1,095	5.3	5.6	-188
Other	149	0.8	0.9	174	0.9	0.7	-26
Not attending	13,754	71.8	67.4	14,126	68.8	67.2	-373
Not stated	1,826	9.5	8.0	2,272	11.1	8.3	-447
Total	19,159	100.0	100.0	20,539	100.0	100.0	-1,380

Education institution attending

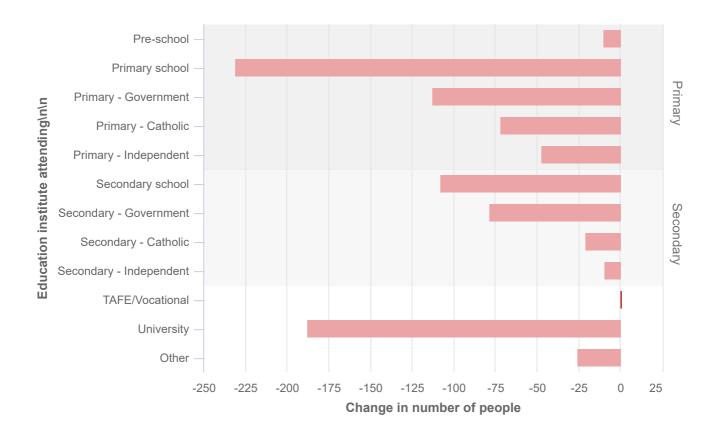
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Education institution attending, 2021



Change in education institution attending, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the share of the population attending educational institutions in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion attending primary school, a lower proportion attending secondary school, and a similar proportion engaged in tertiary level education.

Overall, 5.2% of the population were attending primary school, 5.5% of the population were attending secondary institutions, and 6.4% were learning at a tertiary level, compared with 8.4%, 6.9% and 6.8% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the share of the population attending learning institutions in Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons not attending (71.8% compared to 67.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons attending a primary school (any type) (5.2% compared to 8.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons attending a Government secondary school (1.5% compared to 3.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons attending a Government primary school (3.2% compared to 4.8%)

From 2016 to 2021, Division 3's population decreased by 1,373 people (+6.7%). This represents an average annual change of -1.37% per year over the period.

The largest changes in the number of persons attending education institutions in Division 3, between 2016 and 2021 were in those who nominated:

- Primary school (-231 persons)
- University (-188 persons)
- Primary Government (-112 persons)
- Secondary school (-108 persons)

Division 3 Need for assistance

Division 3's disability statistics relate directly to need for assistance due to a severe or profound disability. The information may be used in the planning of local facilities, services such as day-care and occasional care and in the provision of information and support to carers. Division 3's disability statistics help in understanding the prevalence of people who need support in the community, and along with information on **Unpaid Care** to a person with a disability, how that support is provided.

Please note: A person's reported need for assistance is based on a subjective assessment and should therefore be treated with caution. See the specific data notes for further detail.

Need for assistance with core activities by age

Division 3 - Persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	% of total age group	City of Townsville %	Number	% of total age group	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
0 to 4	9	1.3	1.9	12	1.3	1.4	-3
5 to 9	26	3.2	5.2	32	3.2	3.5	-6
10 to 19	60	3.3	4.4	49	2.4	3.3	+11
20 to 59	320	3.0	3.3	309	2.6	2.9	+10
60 to 64	88	5.7	6.9	62	4.8	7.1	+25
65 to 69	86	6.9	9.4	84	7.3	9.1	+1
70 to 74	97	8.8	12.8	78	10.5	12.8	+18
75 to 79	99	14.9	19.8	79	15.8	17.8	+20
80 to 84	115	28.3	30.9	84	25.8	30.7	+31
85 and over	168	48.4	51.5	178	44.2	50.3	-11
Total persons needing assistance	1,070	5.6	5.9	974	4.8	4.9	+96

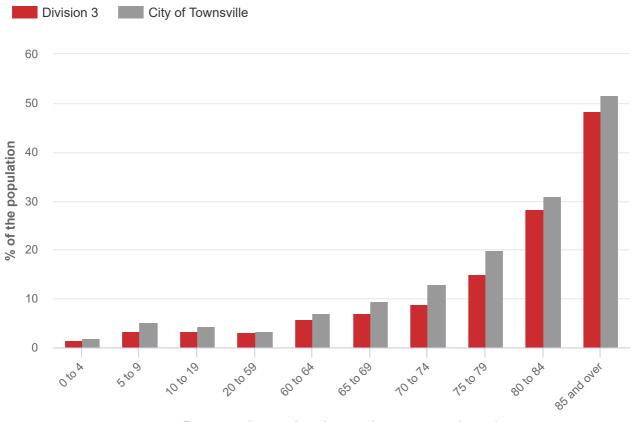
Need for assistance with core activities summary

Division 3 - Total persons (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Assistance needed by age group (years)	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Total persons needing assistance	1,070	5.6	5.9	974	4.8	4.9	+96
Total persons not needing assistance	16,238	84.8	85.8	17,240	84.0	86.8	-1,003
Not stated	1,848	9.6	8.3	2,298	11.2	8.3	-451
Total Population	19,156	100.0	100.0	20,514	100.0	100.0	-1,358

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

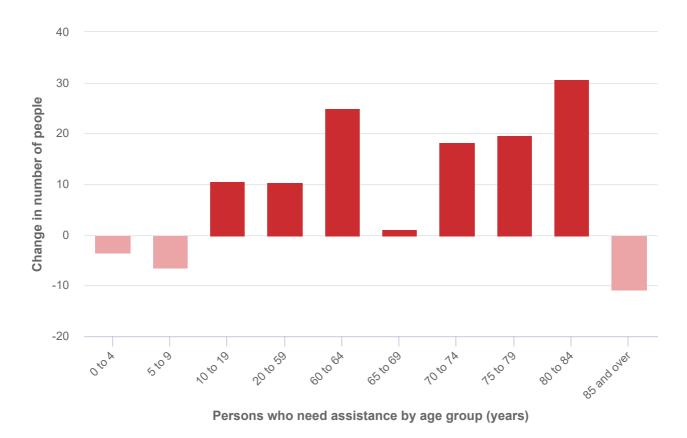
Need for assistance with core activities, 2021



Persons who need assistance by age group (years)

Change in need for assistance with core activities, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the need for assistance of people in Division 3 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a similar proportion of people who reported needing assistance with core activities.

Overall, 5.6% of the population reported needing assistance with core activities, compared with 5.9% for City of Townsville.

The major differences in the age groups reporting a need for assistance in Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 75 to 79 (14.9% compared to 19.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 70 to 74 (8.8% compared to 12.8%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 85 and over (48.4% compared to 51.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons aged 80 to 84 (28.3% compared to 30.9%)

Emerging groups

There were no major differences in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021.

Division 3

The 2021 Census looked for the first time at the level of incidence of selected long-term health conditions in the community. The Census question asked respondents if they have been diagnosed with a specific condition (or other condition) from a list of ten conditions plus "other". Combined, these ten conditions comprise approximately 60% of Australia's deaths, and even those which are not deadly contribute substantially to the burden of disease.

It is well known that socio-economic factors also contribute to morbidity and health outcomes, with lower-socio economic characteristics correlated with higher incidence of some health conditions. The inclusion of this topic in the Census enables these factors to be explored in more detail.

Also, in society, health conditions tend to increase with age. For these reasons, it is recommended that long-term health conditions data for be viewed at in conjunction with age structure, household income, educational qualifications, and need for assistance datasets, along with the SEIFA index of disadvantage.

Division 3 - Persons (Usual residence)	2021		
Long-term health conditions	Number	%	City of Townsville %
Arthritis	1,741	9.1	8.7
Asthma	1,286	6.7	8.1
Cancer (including remission)	739	3.9	3.0
Dementia (including Alzheimer's)	143	0.7	0.7
Diabetes	766	4.0	4.6
Heart disease	895	4.7	4.0
Kidney disease	185	1.0	1.0
Lung condition	469	2.4	2.0
Mental health condition	1,785	9.3	10.3
Stroke	185	1.0	0.9
Other long-term health condition	1,519	7.9	8.3

Long term health conditions

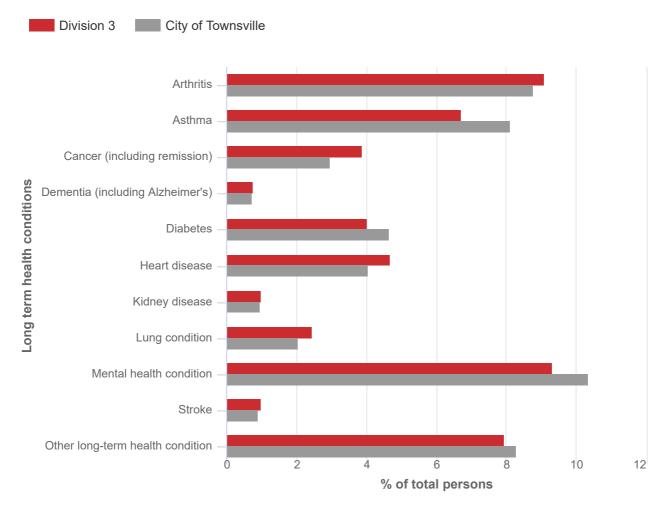
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Long term health conditions - Summary

Division 3 - Persons (Usual residence)		2021	
Long-term health conditions - Summary	Number	%	City of Townsville %
Population with at least one long-term health condition	6,106	31.9	32.6
No long-term health conditions	10,790	56.3	56.5
Not stated	2,268	11.8	10.8
Total persons	19,164	100.0	100.0

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, <u>Census of Population and Housing</u> 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>.id</u> (informed decisions). Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Long term health conditions, all persons, 2021



Dominant groups

Analysis of the long term health conditions of Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of people with a long-term health condition 31.9% compared to 32.6% in City of Townsville.

The major differences in the long-term health conditions between Division 3 and City of Townsville are:

- A *larger* percentage with cancer (including remission) (3.9% compared to 3.0%)
- A *smaller* percentage with asthma (6.7% compared to 8.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage with mental health condition (9.3% compared to 10.3%)

Division 3 Employment status

Division 3's employment statistics are an important indicator of socio-economic status. The levels of full or parttime employment, unemployment and labour force participation indicate the strength of the local economy and social characteristics of the population. Employment status is linked to a number of factors including Age Structure, which influences the number of people in the workforce; the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area and; the education and skill base of the population (Occupations, Industries, Qualifications).

The two most important measures are:

- Unemployment rate the number of people looking for work, as a percentage of the labour force (employed and unemployed over 15)
- Participation rate the labour force expressed as a percentage of the total population over 15

Please note that in the 2021 Census, due to the COVID pandemic and lockdowns in many areas, the proportion of people who were employed but away from work in the week before Census has increased. We have no information on whether these people were normally employed full or part time so this is shown separately.

Labour force status

Division 3 - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021					Change	
Labour force status	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Total labour force (Participation rate)	9,984	59.5	63.6	10,758	61.3	63.7	-775
Not in the labour force	5,169	30.8	28.7	4,858	27.7	28.7	+311
Labour force status not stated	1,639	9.8	7.8	1,948	11.1	7.6	-309
Total persons aged 15+	16,792	100.0	100.0	17,564	100.0	100.0	-772

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Employment status

Division 3 - Persons in the labour force (Usual residence)		2021		2016			Change
Employment status	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Employed	9,489	95.0	94.9	9,930	92.3	91.1	-441
Employed full-time	6,105	61.1	59.9	6,562	61.0	58.7	-458
Employed part-time	2,849	28.5	29.0	2,833	26.3	27.3	+15
Employed, away from work	535	5.4	6.0	533	5.0	5.1	+1
Unemployed (Unemployment rate)	495	5.0	5.1	828	7.7	8.9	-334
Looking for full-time work	303	3.0	2.8	550	5.1	5.7	-247
Looking for part-time work	192	1.9	2.3	278	2.6	3.2	-86
Total labour force	9,984	100.0	100.0	10,758	100.0	100.0	-775

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a Youth unemployment rate (persons aged 15-24)

a Seniors unemployment rate (persons aged 55 or more)

^a Disengaged youth (aged 15-24 not employed or in education)

People employed part-time

e Annual employed resident totals

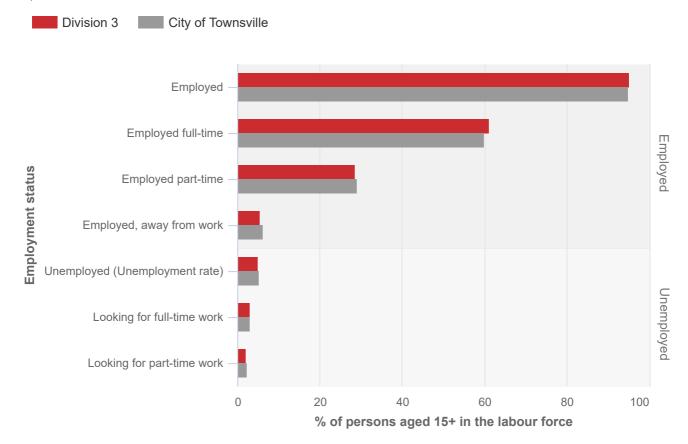
e Quarterly unemployment totals

e Map of employment locations by industry

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

Employment status, 2021

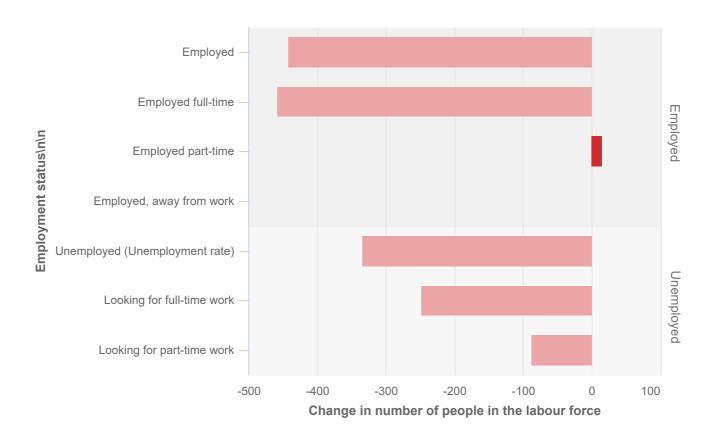
Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in employment status, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total persons in the labour force



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

The size of Division 3's labour force in 2021 was 9,984, of which 2,849 were employed part-time and 6,105 were full time workers.

Analysis of the employment status (as a percentage of the labour force) in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a similar proportion in employment, as well as a similar proportion unemployed. Overall, 95.0% of the labour force was employed, and 5.0% unemployed, compared with 94.9% and 5.1% respectively for City of Townsville.

Analysis of the labour force participation rate of the population in Division 3 in 2021 shows that there was a lower proportion in the labour force (59.5%) compared with City of Townsville (63.6%).

Emerging groups

Between 2016 and 2021, the number of people employed in Division 3 showed a decrease of 441, and the number unemployed showed a decrease of 333. In the same period, the number of people in the labour force showed a decrease of 774 or 7.2%.

Division 3 Industry sector of employment

Division 3's industry statistics identify the industry sectors in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the skill base and socio-economic status of the residents as well as the industries and employment opportunities present in the region.

When viewed in conjunction with **Residents Place of Work** data and **Method of Travel to Work**, industry sector statistics provide insights into the relationship between the economic and residential role of the area.

Industry sector of employment

Division 3 - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Industry sector	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	61	0.6	0.7	54	0.6	0.7	+6
Mining	242	2.6	2.8	197	2.0	2.4	+45
Manufacturing	299	3.2	4.5	367	3.7	4.7	-69
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	104	1.1	1.4	124	1.3	1.5	-21
Construction	682	7.2	8.5	638	6.4	8.2	+43
Wholesale trade	114	1.2	1.9	183	1.9	2.2	-70
Retail Trade	698	7.4	9.2	742	7.5	9.9	-44
Accommodation and Food Services	953	10.0	7.4	1,034	10.4	7.6	-82
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	392	4.1	4.3	432	4.4	4.8	-41
Information Media and Telecommunications	105	1.1	0.8	141	1.4	1.2	-36
Financial and Insurance Services	171	1.8	1.4	179	1.8	1.5	-9
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	198	2.1	1.4	223	2.3	1.6	-25
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	682	7.2	4.5	630	6.4	4.4	+51
Administrative and Support Services	253	2.7	2.7	276	2.8	3.1	-23
Public Administration and Safety	1,098	11.6	12.6	1,254	12.7	13.7	-157
Education and Training	976	10.3	9.4	985	9.9	9.6	-10
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,716	18.1	17.5	1,638	16.5	14.6	+78
Arts and Recreation Services	184	1.9	1.3	179	1.8	1.3	+4
Other Services	256	2.7	3.9	310	3.1	3.8	-55
Inadequately described or not stated	303	3.2	3.6	318	3.2	3.3	-15
Total employed persons aged 15+	9,487	100.0	100.0	9,916	100.0	100.0	-429

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by <u>id</u> (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

e Full-time equivalent (FTE) local jobs by industry (NIEIR modelled)

e Total local jobs by industry (NIEIR modelled)

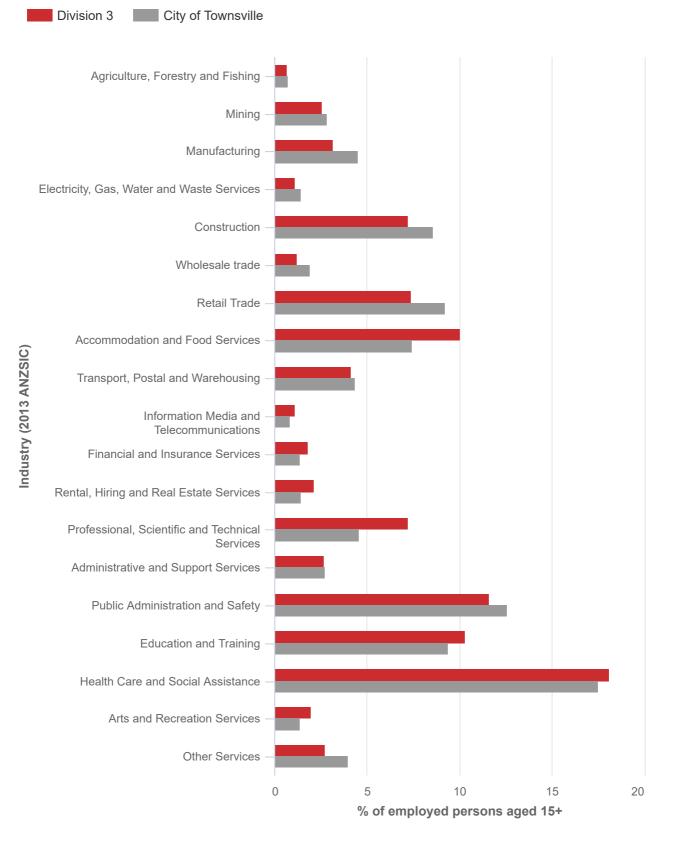
e Ratio of local jobs to employed residents by industry

- e Employed residents who are employed in the LGA by industry.
- e Residents who work in the LGA by industry

e Total employment by industry (Census)

Industry sector of employment, 2021

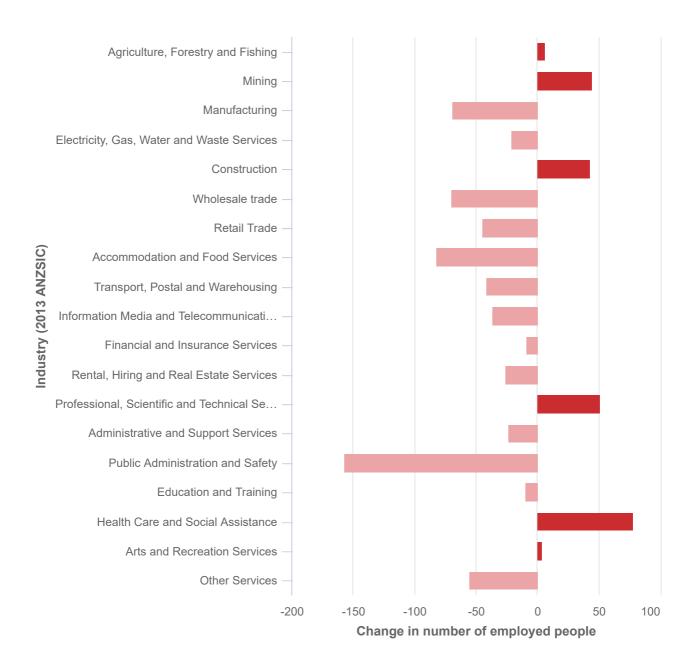
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in industry sector of employment, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Division 3 in 2021 shows the three most popular industry sectors were:

- Health Care and Social Assistance (1,716 people or 18.1%)
- Public Administration and Safety (1,098 people or 11.6%)
- Education and Training (976 people or 10.3%)

In combination, these three industries employed 3,790 people in total or 39.9% of the total employed resident population.

In comparison, City of Townsville employed 17.5% in Health Care and Social Assistance; 12.6% in Public Administration and Safety; and 9.4% in Education and Training.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons employed in professional, scientific and technical services (7.2% compared to 4.5%)
- A larger percentage of persons employed in accommodation and food services (10.0% compared to 7.4%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in retail trade (7.4% compared to 9.2%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed in construction (7.2% compared to 8.5%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Division 3 decreased by 429 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the jobs held by the resident population between 2016 and 2021 in Division 3 were for those employed in:

- Public Administration and Safety (-157 persons)
- Accommodation and Food Services (-82 persons)
- Health Care and Social Assistance (+78 persons)
- Wholesale trade (-70 persons)

Division 3 Occupation of employment

Division 3's occupation statistics quantify the occupations in which the residents work (which may be within the residing area or elsewhere). This will be influenced by the economic base and employment opportunities available in the area, education levels, and the working and social aspirations of the population. When viewed with other indicators, such as **Educational Qualifications** and **Individual Income**, Occupation is a key measure for evaluating Division 3's socio-economic status and skill base.

Occupation of employment

Division 3 - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Occupation	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Managers	1,342	14.1	10.1	1,258	12.7	9.7	+83
Professionals	2,791	29.4	19.7	2,710	27.3	18.8	+81
Technicians and Trades Workers	1,124	11.8	14.6	1,234	12.4	15.1	-111
Community and Personal Service Workers	1,348	14.2	16.1	1,333	13.4	14.7	+15
Clerical and Administrative Workers	946	10.0	12.3	1,185	11.9	13.5	-240
Sales Workers	624	6.6	8.6	783	7.9	9.7	-160
Machinery Operators And Drivers	449	4.7	7.5	513	5.2	7.5	-65
Labourers	740	7.8	9.3	765	7.7	9.5	-25
Not stated or inadequately described	130	1.4	1.7	141	1.4	1.4	-11
Total employed persons aged 15+	9,493	100.0	100.0	9,926	100.0	100.0	-433

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

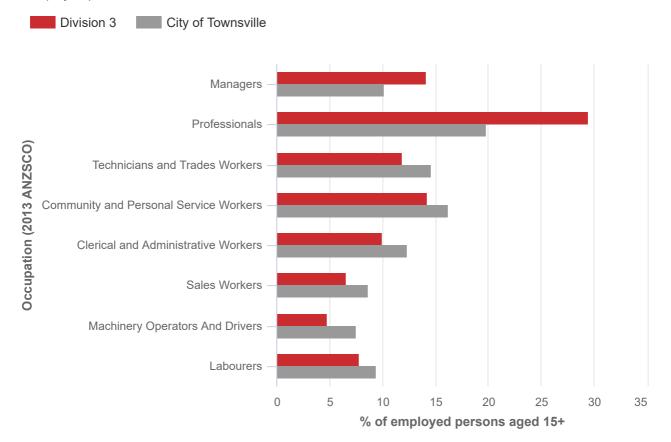
^a People employed as Managers or Professionals

e Workforce occupations by industry

e Local labour force occupations by industry

Occupation of employment, 2021

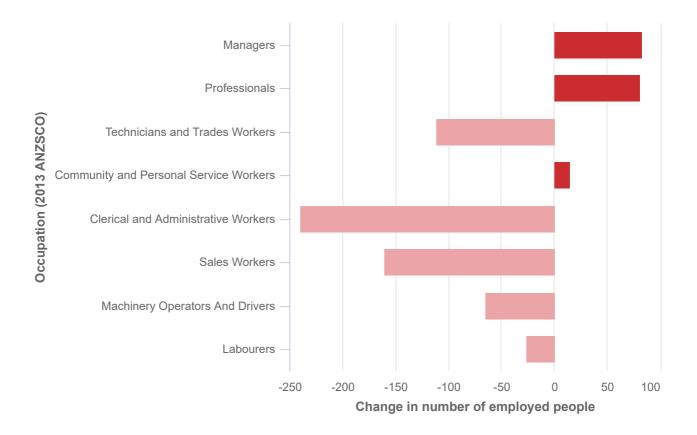
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in occupation of employment, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

An analysis of the jobs held by the resident population in Division 3 in 2021 shows the three most popular occupations were:

- Professionals (2,791 people or 29.4%)
- Community and Personal Service Workers (1,348 people or 14.2%)
- Managers (1,342 people or 14.1%)

In combination these three occupations accounted for 5,481 people in total or 57.7% of the employed resident population.

In comparison, City of Townsville employed 19.7% in Professionals; 16.1% in Community and Personal Service Workers; and 10.1% in Managers.

The major differences between the jobs held by the population of Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of persons employed as Professionals (29.4% compared to 19.7%)
- A larger percentage of persons employed as Managers (14.1% compared to 10.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Machinery Operators And Drivers (4.7% compared to 7.5%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons employed as Technicians and Trades Workers (11.8% compared to 14.6%)

Emerging groups

The number of employed people in Division 3 decreased by 433 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the occupations of residents between 2016 and 2021 in Division 3 were for those employed as:

- Clerical and Administrative Workers (-240 persons)
- Sales Workers (-160 persons)
- Technicians and Trades Workers (-111 persons)
- Managers (+83 persons)

Division 3 Method of travel to work

Division 3's commuting statistics reveal the main modes of transport by which residents get to work. There are a number of reasons why people use different modes of transport to get to work including the availability of affordable and effective public transport options, the number of motor vehicles available within a household, and the distance travelled to work.

Commuting data is very useful in transport planning as it informs decision-makers about the availability, effectiveness and utilisation of local transport options, particularly when analysed with Residents Place of Work data and Car Ownership.

WARNING: Method of travel to work relates to Census day, which for the 2021 Census occurred during COVID-19 lockdowns for large parts of Australia. In lockdown, many occupations were required to work from home if possible, and some industries were closed, so people did not go to work. For this reason, these categories may have increased, with corresponding declines in other methods of travel. Use the data with caution when comparing over time. For more details, please refer to the **data notes**.

Division 3 - Employed persons (Usual residence)		2021			2016		Change
Main method of travel	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Train	4	0.0	0.0	6	0.1	0.1	-2
Bus	130	1.4	1.1	185	1.9	1.4	-56
Tram	0		0.0	0		0.0	0
Ferry	19	0.2	0.1	42	0.4	0.1	-24
Taxi/ride-share	37	0.4	0.3	19	0.2	0.2	+17
Car - as driver	5,904	62.2	70.6	6,395	64.4	71.1	-492
Car - as passenger	459	4.8	5.4	517	5.2	5.9	-59
Truck	37	0.4	0.7	47	0.5	0.7	-10
Motorbike	94	1.0	1.0	141	1.4	1.2	-47
Bicycle	156	1.6	1.0	232	2.3	1.5	-76
Walked only	629	6.6	2.2	624	6.3	2.7	+4
Other	310	3.3	1.9	296	3.0	1.8	+13
Worked at home	718	7.6	5.1	396	4.0	2.7	+322
Did not go to work	961	10.1	10.4	935	9.4	9.8	+25
Not stated	34	0.4	0.4	85	0.9	0.7	-51
Total employed persons aged 15+	9,492	100.0	100.0	9,927	100.0	100.0	-436

Method of travel to work

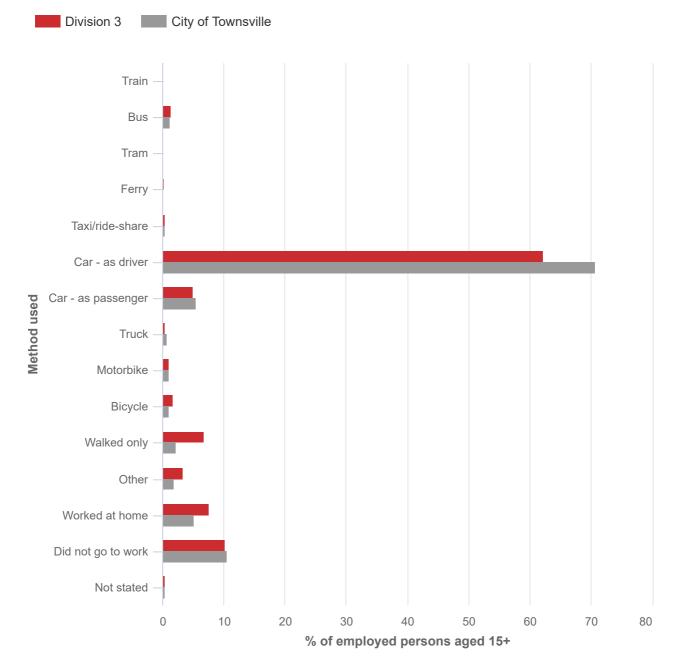
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed

a People who travelled to work by car

^a People who travelled to work on public transport

Method of travel to work, 2021

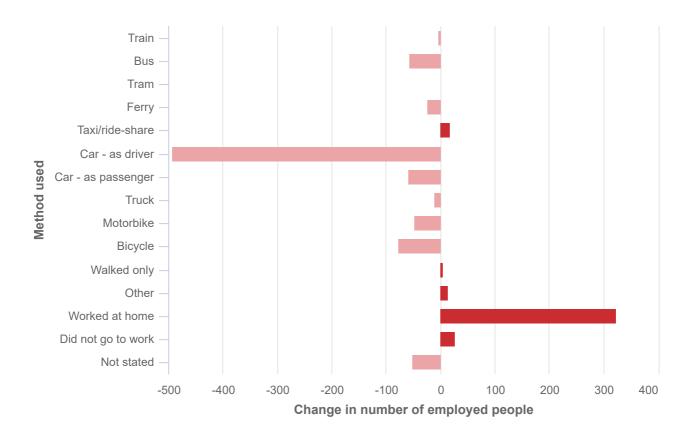
Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in method of travel to work, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total employed persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 153 people who caught public transport to work (train, bus, tram or ferry) in Division 3, compared with 6,494 who drove in private vehicles (car – as driver, car – as passenger, motorbike, or truck).

Analysis of the method of travel to work of the residents in Division 3 in 2021, compared to City of Townsville, shows that 1.6% used public transport, while 67.0% used a private vehicle, compared with 1.2% and 76.0% respectively in City of Townsville.

The major differences in persons between the method of travel to work of Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A *larger* percentage of persons who walked only (6.6% compared to 2.2%)
- A *larger* percentage of persons who worked at home (7.6% compared to 5.1%)
- A larger percentage of persons who travelled by an 'other' method (3.3% compared to 1.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of persons who travelled by car (as driver) (62.2% compared to 70.6%)

The number of employed people in Division 3 decreased by 435 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the method of travel to work by resident population in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021 were for those nominated:

- Car as driver (-492 persons)
- Worked at home (+322 persons)
- Bicycle (-76 persons)
- Car as passenger (-59 persons)

Division 3 Volunteer work

The voluntary work sector is an important part of Australia's economy. The level of volunteering can indicate the cohesiveness of the community and how readily individuals are able to contribute to that community. Factors impacting on the level of volunteering in Division 3 include the Age Structure of the population, the level of Proficiency in English, Income and Education levels.

Volunteer numbers for the 2021 Census declined in many parts of Australia due to lockdowns and COVID-19 distancing measures.

Volunteer work

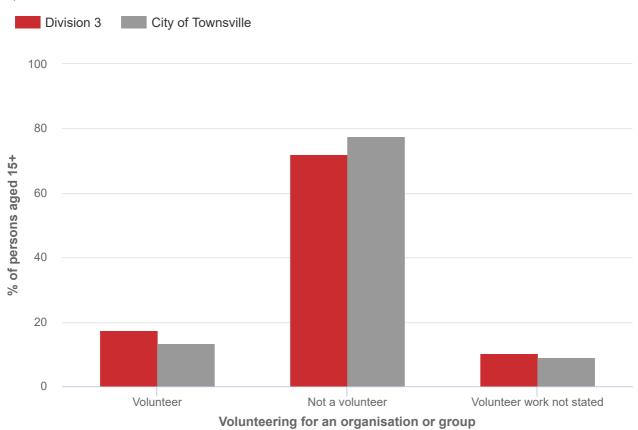
Division 3 - Persons aged 15+ (Usual residence)	2021				Change		
Volunteer status	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Volunteer	2,940	17.5	13.3	3,829	21.8	18.4	-889
Not a volunteer	12,117	72.1	77.7	11,614	66.1	72.3	+503
Volunteer work not stated	1,742	10.4	8.9	2,122	12.1	9.3	-380
Total persons aged 15+	16,799	100.0	100.0	17,565	100.0	100.0	-766

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Volunteer work, 2021

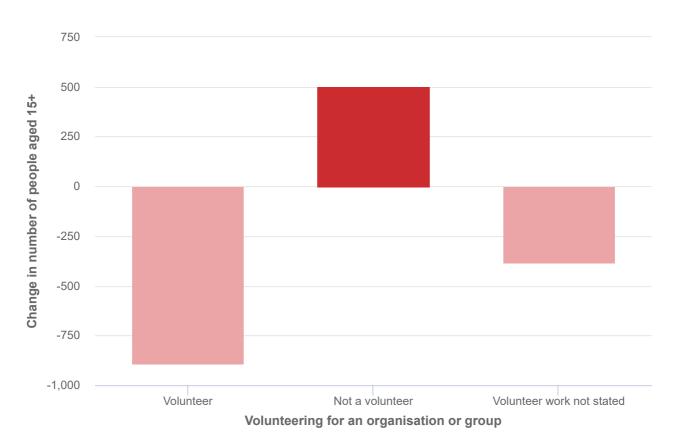
Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in volunteer work, 2016 to 2021

Division 3 - Total persons



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Usual residence data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the voluntary work performed by the population in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a higher proportion of people who volunteered for an organisation or group.

Overall, 17.5% of the population reported performing voluntary work, compared with 13.3% for City of Townsville.

Emerging groups

The number of volunteers in Division 3 decreased by 889 people between 2016 and 2021.

Division 3 Household income

Households form the common 'economic unit' in our society. Division 3's Household Income is one of the most important indicators of socio-economic status. With other data sources, such as **Qualifications** and **Occupation**, it helps to reveal the economic opportunities and socio-economic status of Division 3. It is important to note that income data is not necessarily a measure of wealth. For example, if an area has a large number of retirees this will produce a higher proportion of households with low income but the retirees may have large capital wealth. For this reason, household income should be viewed in conjunction with **Age** and **Household Composition**.

The incomes presented on this page are for the latest Census year only. For comparison of incomes over time, go to Household Income Quartiles.

Learn more about the characteristics of low-income households here.

Weekly household income

Division 3 - Total households (Enumerated)		2021	
Weekly income	Number	%	City of Townsville %
Neg/Nil Income	176	2.0	1.5
\$1 - \$149	83	0.9	0.6
\$150 - \$299	173	2.0	1.2
\$300 - \$399	237	2.7	2.1
\$400 - \$499	513	5.8	4.8
\$500 - \$649	484	5.5	4.1
\$650 - \$799	509	5.7	5.6
\$800 - \$999	583	6.6	6.1
\$1,000 - \$1,249	703	7.9	7.2
\$1,250 - \$1,499	653	7.4	7.6
\$1,500 - \$1,749	524	5.9	6.1
\$1,750 - \$1,999	475	5.4	6.0
\$2,000 - \$2,499	878	9.9	11.7
\$2,500 - \$2,999	414	4.7	7.9
\$3,000 - \$3,499	447	5.0	6.3
\$3,500 - \$3,999	238	2.7	3.7
\$4,000 - \$4,499	155	1.7	2.2
\$4,500 - \$4,999	395	4.5	2.9
\$5,000 - \$5,999	207	2.3	1.7
\$6,000 - \$7,999	220	2.5	1.2
\$8,000 or more	95	1.1	0.4
Not stated	700	7.9	9.0
Total households	8,862	100.0	100.0

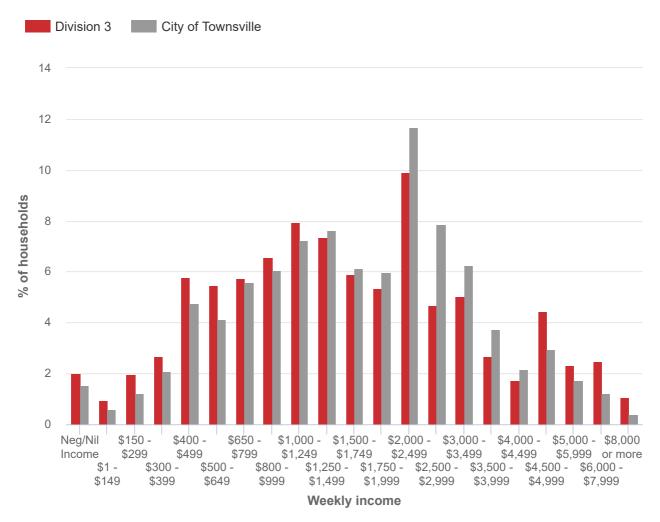
Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a Low income households (less than \$800 per week)

- <u>High income households (more than \$3,000 per week)</u>
- a Median household income

Weekly household income, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of household income levels in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a larger proportion of high income households (those earning \$3,000 per week or more) and a higher proportion of low income households (those earning less than \$800 per week).

Overall, 19.8% of the households earned a high income and 24.5% were low income households, compared with 18.4% and 19.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

The major differences between the household incomes of Division 3 and City of Townsville were:

- A larger percentage of households who earned \$4,500 \$4,999 (4.5% compared to 2.9%)
- A *larger* percentage of households who earned \$500 \$649 (5.5% compared to 4.1%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households who earned \$2,500 \$2,999 (4.7% compared to 7.9%)
- A *smaller* percentage of households who earned \$2,000 \$2,499 (9.9% compared to 11.7%)

Division 3 Household type

Division 3's household and family structure is one of the most important demographic indicators. It reveals the area's residential role and function, era of settlement and provides key insights into the level of demand for services and facilities as most are related to age and household types.

To continue building the story, Division 3's Household Summary should be viewed in conjunction with Households with Children, Households Size, Age Structure and Dwelling Type.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

Household type

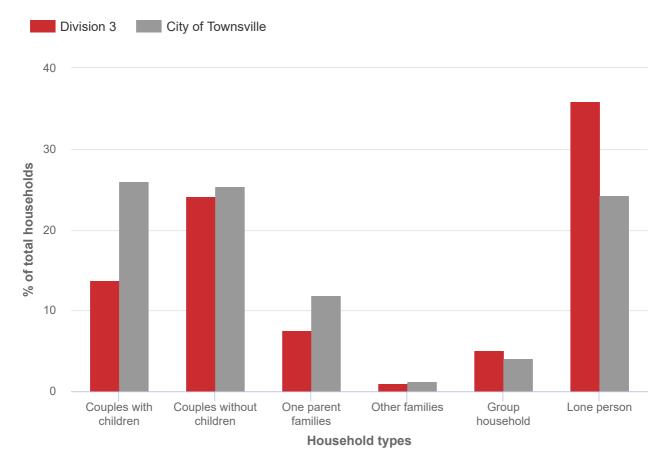
Division 3 - Total households (Enumerated)		2021		2016			Change
Households by type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Couples with children	1,289	13.7	26.0	1,564	16.2	27.7	-276
Couples without children	2,270	24.1	25.4	2,254	23.3	25.0	+16
One parent families	707	7.5	11.9	730	7.5	11.6	-24
Other families	94	1.0	1.2	99	1.0	1.1	-5
Group household	473	5.0	4.1	588	6.1	4.6	-116
Lone person	3,376	35.9	24.2	3,031	31.3	22.0	+344
Other not classifiable household	563	6.0	4.8	807	8.3	5.5	-244
Visitor only households	640	6.8	2.3	609	6.3	2.4	+30
Total households	9,412	100.0	100.0	9,686	100.0	100.0	-274

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

- a One parent families with dependent children
- a Couple families with dependent children
- ^a Young couples (aged 15-44 years) without children
- a Older couples (65 years and over) without children
- ^a Young lone person households (aged 15-44 years).
- a Older lone person households (aged 65 years and over)
- Average household size

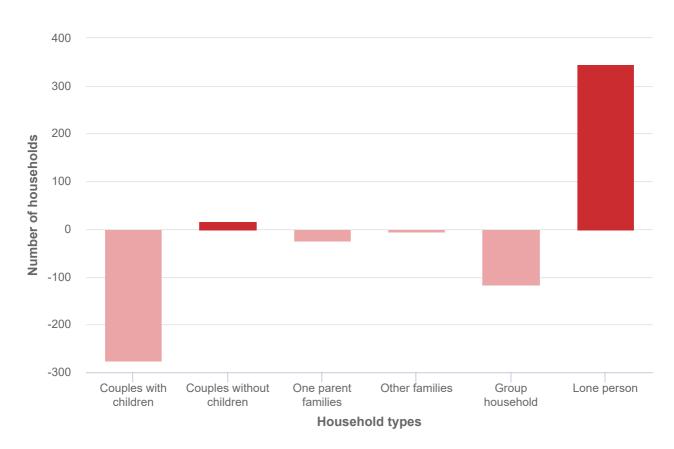
Household type, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in household type, 2016 to 2021

Division 3



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the household/family types in Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a lower proportion of couple families with child(ren) as well as a lower proportion of one-parent families. Overall, 13.7% of total families were couple families with child(ren), and 7.5% were one-parent families, compared with 26.0% and 11.9% respectively for City of Townsville.

There were a higher proportion of lone person households and a lower proportion of couples without children. Overall, the proportion of lone person households was 35.9% compared to 24.2% in City of Townsville while the proportion of couples without children was 24.1% compared to 25.4% in City of Townsville.

Emerging groups

The number of households in Division 3 decreased by 274 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in family/household types in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Lone person (+344 households)
- Couples with children (-276 households)
- Group household (-116 households)

Division 3 Dwelling type

Dwelling Type is an important determinant of Division 3's residential role and function. A greater concentration of higher density dwellings is likely to attract more young adults and smaller households, often renting. Larger, detached or separate dwellings are more likely to attract families and prospective families. The residential built form often reflects market opportunities or planning policy, such as building denser forms of housing around public transport nodes or employment centres.

Dwelling Type statistics should be viewed in conjunction with Household Size, Household Types, Housing Tenure and Age Structure for a more complete picture of the housing market in Division 3.

If you're looking at this data to prepare a housing strategy, learn more here.

Division 3 - Dwellings (Enumerated)	2021					Change	
Dwelling type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Separate house	4,769	42.3	78.0	5,412	46.9	77.4	-643
Medium density	3,090	27.4	14.9	2,845	24.7	15.0	+245
High density	2,925	25.9	5.2	2,813	24.4	5.2	+112
Caravans, cabin, houseboat	296	2.6	1.3	289	2.5	1.7	+7
Other	48	0.4	0.1	40	0.4	0.2	+8
Not stated	148	1.3	0.5	139	1.2	0.4	+9
Total Private Dwellings	11,276	100.0	100.0	11,540	100.0	100.0	-264

Dwelling structure

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

Dwelling type

Division 3	2021				Change		
Dwelling type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Occupied private dwellings	9,431	83.1	90.2	9,691	83.3	88.9	-260
Unoccupied private dwellings	1,845	16.2	9.6	1,866	16.0	10.9	-21
Non private dwellings	78	0.7	0.2	81	0.7	0.2	-4
Total dwellings	11,354	100.0	100.0	11,639	100.0	100.0	-285

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

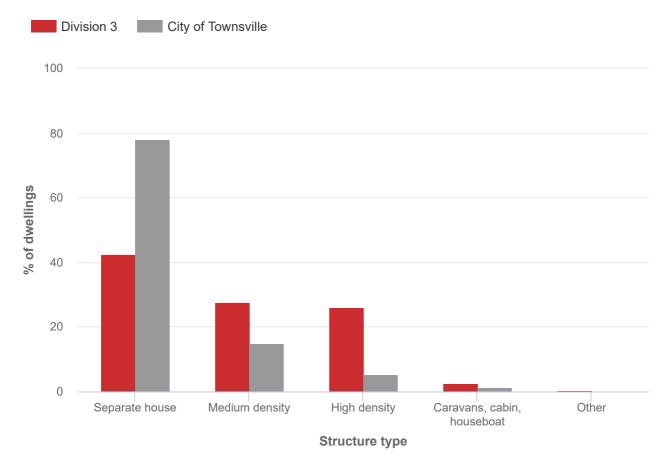
Please refer to specific data notes for more information

People in non-private dwellings

- a Unoccupied dwellings
- a Dominant dwelling structure

Please refer to the specific data notes for more information

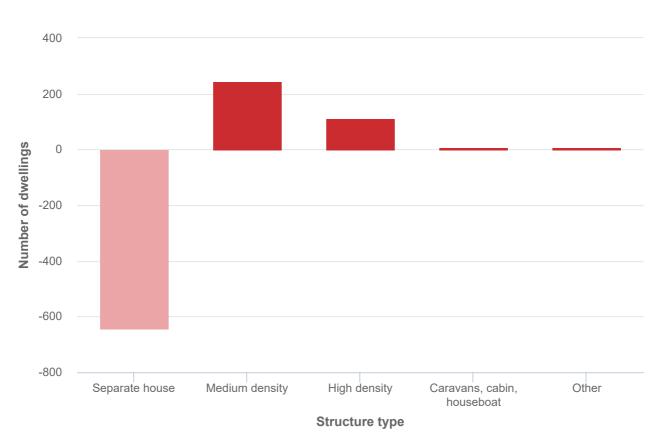
Dwelling structure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in dwelling structure, 2016 to 2021

Division 3



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

In 2021, there were 4,769 separate houses in the area, 3,090 medium density dwellings, and 2,925 high density dwellings. In addition, there were 296 caravans/cabins/houseboats in the area.

Analysis of the types of dwellings in Division 3 in 2021 shows that 42.3% of all dwellings were separate houses; 27.4% were medium density dwellings, and 25.9% were in high density dwellings, compared with 78.0%, 14.9%, and 5.2% in the City of Townsville respectively.

In 2021, a total of 83.1% of the dwellings in Division 3 were occupied on Census night, compared to 90.2% in City of Townsville. The proportion of unoccupied dwellings was 16.2%, which is larger compared to that found in City of Townsville (9.6%).

Emerging groups

The total number of dwellings in Division 3 decreased by 285 between 2016 and 2021.

The largest changes in the type of dwellings found in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Separate house (-643 dwellings)
- Medium density (+245 dwellings)
- High density (+112 dwellings)

Division 3 Housing tenure

Division 3's Housing Tenure data provides insights into its socio-economic status as well as the role it plays in the housing market. For example, a high concentration of private renters may indicate a transient area attractive to young singles and couples, while a concentration of home owners indicates a more settled area with mature families and empty-nesters (Household Summary). Tenure can also reflect built form (Dwelling Type), with a significantly higher share of renters in high density housing and a substantially larger proportion of home-owners in separate houses, although this is not always the case.

In conjunction with other socio-economic status indicators in Division 3, Tenure data is useful for analysing housing markets, housing affordability and identifying public housing areas.

Further reading: How can Councils influence affordable housing.

Housing tenure

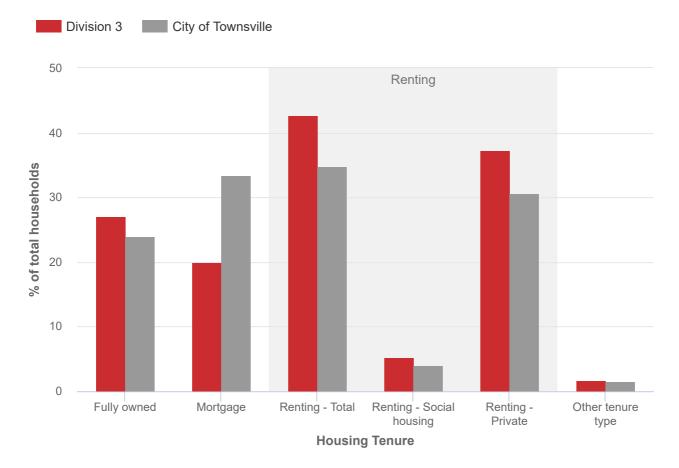
Division 3 - Households (Enumerated)		2021		2016			Change
Tenure type	Number	%	City of Townsville %	Number	%	City of Townsville %	2016 to 2021
Fully owned	2,558	27.2	24.0	2,162	22.3	22.1	+395
Mortgage	1,885	20.0	33.4	2,028	20.9	32.6	-144
Renting - Total	4,029	42.8	34.8	4,091	42.1	35.6	-62
Renting - Social housing	498	5.3	4.0	355	3.7	4.1	+143
Renting - Private	3,509	37.3	30.6	3,699	38.1	31.3	-191
Renting - Not stated	22	0.2	0.2	36	0.4	0.2	-14
Other tenure type	165	1.8	1.5	181	1.9	1.4	-16
Not stated	781	8.3	6.3	1,250	12.9	8.3	-469
Total households	9,418	100.0	100.0	9,714	100.0	100.0	-296

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2016 and 2021. Compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions).

Please refer to specific data notes for more information

a Dominant tenure type

Housing tenure, 2021



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Change in housing tenure, 2016 to 2021

Division 3



Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing, 2016 and 2021 (Enumerated data). Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

Dominant groups

Analysis of the housing tenure of households of Division 3 in 2021 compared to City of Townsville shows that there was a larger proportion of households who owned their dwelling; a smaller proportion purchasing their dwelling; and a larger proportion who were renters.

Overall, 27.2% of households owned their dwelling; 20.0% were purchasing, and 42.8% were renting, compared with 24.0%, 33.4% and 34.8% respectively for City of Townsville.

Emerging groups

The largest changes in housing tenure categories for the households in Division 3 between 2016 and 2021 were:

- Fully owned (+395 households)
- Renting Private (-191 households)
- Mortgage (-144 households)
- Renting Social housing (+143 households)

The total number of households in Division 3 decreased by 296 between 2016 and 2021.

City of Townsville SEIFA by profile area

The City of Townsville Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) measure the relative level of socio-economic disadvantage and/or advantage based on a range of Census characteristics. Two of the SEIFA indexes: the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD) and the Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD) can be selected below.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage (IRSD)

This index contains only disadvantage indicators (e.g. unemployment, low incomes or education levels, single parent families, low skilled occupations, poor English proficiency), so is best used to distinguish between disadvantaged areas, but doesn't differentiate between those areas which are highly advantaged, and those just lacking a lot of disadvantage (with population close to the middle). This index is most commonly used for funding allocations and advocacy, because it highlights the areas of most need.

Index of Relative Socio-Economic Advantage and Disadvantage (IRSAD)

This index contains indicators of disadvantage as well as additional indicators of advantage (e.g. professional occupations, high income, higher education levels, high rent, large dwellings), Characteristics are also weighted differently than the IRSD, so areas do score differently on either measure. Often the IRSAD index will show a more "spread out" distribution with a greater range of scores from very high to very low, due to its ability to measure advantage above the average level.

SEIFA indexes are a good place to start to get a general view of the relative level of disadvantage in one area compared to others, but it is important to also look at these underlying characteristics as they can differ markedly between areas with similar SEIFA scores and shed light on the type of disadvantage being experienced.

A higher score on the index means a *lower* level of disadvantage, or (in the case of IRSAD only) a *higher* level of advantage. A lower score on the index means a higher level of disadvantage on both indexes, and a lack of advantage on the IRSAD.

The percentile column indicates the approximate position of this small area in a ranked list of Australia's suburbs and localities in 2021. It's meant to give a broad indication of where the area sits within the whole nation. A higher number indicates a higher socio-economic status. For instance, a percentile of 72 indicates that approximately 72% of Australia's suburbs have a SEIFA index lower than this area (more disadvantaged), while 28% are higher. This applies a comparison to suburbs even when the index concerned doesn't relate to a suburb.

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

City of Townsville's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2021 index	Percentile
Bohle Plains - Rangewood - Shaw	1,076.3	88
Townsville City	1,063.6	81
Douglas	1,061.5	80
Annandale	1,054.8	76
Mount Low - Burdell - Beach Holm	1,051.5	74
Idalia - Cluden - Oonoonba	1,050.5	73
Division 2	1,049.3	72
Division 6	1,043.3	68
City and Beach Side	1,041.7	67
Riverside Suburbs	1,039.5	66
Rural South East	1,039.5	66
Central Business District	1,037.4	64
Emerging Community North	1,037.3	64
Alligator Creek and District	1,035.2	63
South-West Region	1,030.8	60
Castle Hill - North Ward	1,029.4	60
Black River - Alice River - Hervey Range	1,027.5	58
Cosgrove - Mount Louisa	1,026.4	57
Belgian Gardens - Rowes Bay	1,022.2	55
Division 10	1,016.4	51
Division 1	1,012.6	49
North-West Region	1,009.3	47
Woodstock District	1,008.7	47
Division 3	1,000.5	42
Queensland	995.0	39
Murray - Roseneath and District	995.0	39
South Townsville	993.0	38
Railway Estate	991.9	37
City of Townsville	989.6	36
Division 5	987.2	35
Mundingburra	983.1	33
Regional QLD	983.0	33

Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage

City of Townsville's small areas and benchmark areas

Area	2021 index	Percentile
Thuringowa Central	980.8	32
Julago - Stuart	980.3	31
Magnetic Island	980.0	31
Magnetic Island	980.0	31
Northern Queensland	979.6	31
Rosslea	978.9	31
Division 7	972.5	28
Kirwan	972.1	28
Hyde Park - Mysterton	971.6	27
West End	966.4	25
Balgal Beach - Rural West	966.1	25
Deeragun - Jensen	965.8	25
Central Suburbs - East	962.1	24
Division 9	960.0	23
Wulguru	958.8	22
Kirwan and Upper Ross	950.0	19
Cranbrook	949.5	19
Currajong	948.0	19
Central Suburbs - West	946.4	19
Hermit Park	945.9	18
Gulliver	944.9	18
Kelso	937.2	16
Division 8	928.6	14
Condon	927.4	14
Division 4	923.7	13
Aitkenvale	915.7	11
Shelly Beach - Garbutt and surrounds	904.6	10
Rasmussen	896.4	9
Pimlico	893.8	8
Heatley	892.0	8
Vincent	862.6	5

Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics, Census of Population and Housing 2021. Compiled and presented in profile.id by .id (informed decisions).

- a Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage
 a Index of Relative Socio-economic Advantage and Disadvantage